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India Free To Take Action Against Hyderabad

V. P. MENON'S REPLY TO MIR LAIK ALI

Says "Law Of Jungle" Alone Prevails In State

BLACKOUT IN NIZAM'S CAPITAL: MILITARY GUARDS POSTED AT STRATEGIC POINTS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): The Government of India informed the Nizam's Government yesterday that they held themselves free take whatever action they considered necessary to restore law and order in the State, in view of Hyderabad's refusal to facilitate the return of Indian troops to Secunderabad and to disband the Razakars.

LATEST CORRESPONDENCE RELEASED

The Government of India released today three letters which passed between them and the Hyderabad Government between Sept. 7 and 11 on the question of disbandment of the Razakars by the Nizam's Government and the return of Indian troops to Secunderabad.

FROM V. P. MENON TO LAIK ALI

The following is the full text of the correspondence:

Letter from Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary, Ministry of States, to Mir Laik Ali, Prime Minister, Hyderabad, dated Sept. 7.

Dear Mir Laik Ali,

From time to time, the Government of India have had occasion to refer repeatedly to the activities of the Razakars and their associates, official as well as unofficial, in Hyderabad State. Raids into Indian territory, attacks within Hyderabad territory on non-Muslims and even Muslims opposed to them, hold-up of trains involving violence to passengers and looting of goods, have become matters of almost daily occurrence. Murder, rape, arson and pillage are a gruesome and recurrent feature of these atrocities. These deeds of violence have created widespread anarchy within the State and grave anxiety in the neighbouring areas of the Indian Union. The Razakars activities in Hyderabad constitute a threat to communal peace in India. The situation demonstrates the unwillingness and incapacity of the Hyderabad Government to put an end to this situation of violence and anarchy, and conditions have now become so grave that immediate action to put an end to the Razakar organisation and its campaign of violence and brutality has become necessary.

RAZAKARS' AGGRESSION CONTINUES

In a letter to H.E.H. the Nizam dated 31st August, H.E. the Governor General of India suggested that Indian troops should be restationed in Secunderabad Contonment so as to help in restoring law and order inside the State. The Nizam has declined to accept the suggestion on the ground that conditions within the State are entirely normal. The Government of India are unable to accept this view of the situation which is

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RAJAJI BANGS THE DOOR

Hyderabad Issue No Longer Matter For Discussion

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12. (A.P.I.): The following telegrams were exchanged between the Governor-General Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and the Nizam of Hyderabad.

The Nizam in reply to the letter of the Governor-General of Sept. 10 says:

"I received text of Your Excellency's letter dated 10th Sept. through your Agent-General in which I feel disappointed that you have not taken into account my view-point and have again advised me only to ban the Razakars and allow Indian troops to be stationed in Secunderabad to restore peace and order. In this connection my Government has conveyed to you that they shall take adequate action in regard to Razakar movement once the border situation improves and the present tension eases a little.

"As regards the other item, now will it look that Indian troops are regarded the only source to restore order and tranquility and not the State troops when the situation of law and order in this country is really different to what is conveyed to you. If Hyderabad troops are not able to do the duty then their existence will be considered unnecessary.

"I fear the proposed move will create an unprecedented upheaval instead of calming down the situation in any way quite apart from the legal and moral side of the issue. In my opinion these questions yet require consideration by both the Governments in a true perspective before taking any further action in the matter — Nizam.

FROM RAJAJI TO NIZAM

Telegram from the Governor-General to the Nizam dated Sept. 12 says:

"Your Exalted Highness's telegram received today. The subject is no longer a matter for discussion but I write again to explain the position to Your Exalted Highness. Indian troops were withdrawn as a gesture of trust when the Standstill Agreement was reached but law and order have now completely broken down inside the State. Your Government has not been able to deal with either the Razakars or the Communists whoever it may be that is causing the trouble at a given place and time and the Government of India cannot any longer be silent spectators just maintaining the position at the border.

"I venture to believe that Muslims in India are by no means happy over Your Exalted Highness's attitude and that they welcome the steps which my Government have proposed to take. I do not agree with the view that these steps will acerbate communal feeling. On the contrary if order and public confidence are restored in Hyderabad, Muslims all over India will welcome it. I still hope Your Exalted Highness may not disregard my advice."

"REASON TO FIGHT AGAINST INDIA"

Warning To British Officers In Nizam's Army

HYDERABAD, Sept. 12, (U.P.A.): The six British officers of the Hyderabad Army who have been threatened with possible treason charges have submitted their resignations.

The resignations will take effect "when and if a military conflict between Hyderabad and India starts". Colonel Herbert Nepean Chief of Staff of the Hyderabad army resigned earlier this week.

The five other officers are of Anglo-Indian parentage and it is felt here that treason charges would not be pressed against them as in cases of full-blooded Englishmen.

The British High Commissioner's office in New Delhi had warned that Britishers fighting against the Indian Dominion would be guilty of a "treasonable act" and aided they would be liable to loss of their United Kingdom citizenship as well as confiscation of property.

REMAINING WHITES PREPARING FOR ALL EVENTUALITIES

HYDERABAD, Sept. 12, (U.P.A.): With the air evacuation of European nationals completed at noon Saturday—a total of 141 persons were flown out—the remaining Britishers and Americans here are preparing for the possibility that the next step in the explosive Indo-Hyderabad situation may be a full-scale conflict.

Householders are laying in food and accumulating small arms as a protection against possible looters should war actually break out.

The city remains placid with trains buses, business and cinemas functioning normally.

Indian Troops Ready In S. Eastern Border

BEZWADA, Sept 2, (A.P.I.): Indian military and armed police are in perfect readiness in their carefully planned dispositions along Hyderabad's south-eastern border to implement the Government of India's plan to restore and preserve order in Hyderabad writes an Associated Press of India special correspondent from Jaggayyapet, four miles from the border.

Eye-witness reports from the border stated that the Nizam's troops last night evacuated all Muslims of Kodar -a town on the road from Bezwada to the Indian Union enclave of Mungala —to Mirialguda and Khammamet in eighteen lorries.

There is no sign of anxiety or worry on the part of the inhabitants of the border areas or of those living on the various routes to the border and the thorough preparedness of our military and armed police has imparted an undertone of confidence in them.

The report from the Indians enclave of Munagala stated that a band of Razakars and Nizam's troops under cover of bushes and darkness fired thirty rounds on our special armed police in Komarabanda village of the enclave. Our police replied with five rounds whereupon the Razakars and the state troops withdrew. One of the raiders' bullets grazed the knee of one of our armed policmen.

RAZAKARS RAID INDIAN VILLAGE

BEZWADA, Sept. 11, (A.P.I.): Sixty Razakars raided a village named Seethampet in the Indian Union attempting to steel a herd of sheep according to a report from Ellore. The Razakars shot dead the shepherd and attacked other villagers when a company of special armed constables rushed to their rescue. In an exchange of fire between them and the Razakars, one of the latter was killed. The raiders then escaped in their lorry carrying the dead body.

C. P.'S VIGILANCE ON NIZAM'S BORDER

NAGPUR, Sept. 12 (API): At a meeting of the Congress Party in the Provincial Legislative Assembly last evening, Premier Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla and Home Minister Pandit Dwarka Prasad Mishra told the members of Party in conference about the various security measures in the Province especially in the border districts adjoining Hyderabad State territory. In view of the possibility of outbreak of hostilities between India and Hyderabad and in view of the reported final refusal of the Nizam's Government to station Indian troops in sufficient strength at Secunderabad, fresh instructions have been issued to district officials in the border areas by the Provincial Government to deal drastically with any elements trying to disturb peace. Apart from additional reinforcements of armed police force spread over all the border tracts, adequate number of Home Guards, both urban and rural, have also taken up positions in the border districts so as to guard against any threat to peace or possible incursion by the Razakars.

Enquiries in official quarters showed that calm continues to prevail in all the border areas through the 700 mile-long border between C.P. and Hyderabad.

The Commissioner of Berar Division, Mr. H. S. Kamath after a hurried visit to Nagpur yesterday returned to his headquarters in Berar armed with full detailed instructions of the Provincial Government to deal firmly with any situation on the Berar Border.

ARAB LEAGUE ASKED TO INTERVENE

ALEXANDRIA, Sept 12, (U.P.A.): Two Pakistan officials were reported today to have appealed to the Arab League to intervene in the Hyderabad crisis.

Gholam Mohamed, Pakistan Minister of Finance, and Ambassador Abdel Sattar Seith, called on Azzam Pasha Secretary of the League yesterday.

Meanwhile, Premier Nokrashy Pasha of Egypt told newspapermen: "Naturally we are prepared to do everything we can to settle the differences between Hyderabad and India."

Poona Poised For Action

EVERYTHING READY FOR WORD "GO"

POONA, Sept 12 (API): Everything is believed here to be ready for the word "GO" following the Nizam's final rejection of the Government of India's intimation that they will re-station Indian troops at Secunderabad.

A feeling of expectancy of coming events has tensed Maratha Deccan, historic spearhead of opposition to the Nizam, since the inevitability of action by the Government of India was realised in view of the Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's statement that in case of the Nizam's rejection of the Government of India's approach "We March" and that Secunderabad would "still" be occupied.

The question uppermost in people's mind throughout the border was "when will action start".

WILL JINNAH'S DEATH ALTER SITUATION?

While Poona, Headquarters of the Southern Command, was naturally expected to play a prominent part in the developments now considered imminent, no official inkling whatsoever was available as to how events may shape.

The flag at the Southern Command Headquarters, as at other Government offices, was flown at half-mast today in connection with the death of Pakistan's Governor-General, Mr. Mohamedali Jinnah.

It is, however, not known how the latter event might have bearing, if any, on the situation regarding Hyderabad.

INDIAN TROOPS READY TO COPE WITH ANY SITUATION

While the Government of India's objective is no more than the stationing of troops at Secunderabad in the interests of law and order in the State, the declared preparedness of the Hyderabad State to resist the entry of Indian forces has been taken notice of.

Reports from the Sholapur border area, received here today said that the Nizam's troops had taken up defensive positions at strategic places about 20 miles inside the border.

It was also reported that Hyderabad troops had in certain cases withdrawn from the positions they had earlier stated to have taken up three miles inside the border.

While these reports could not be confirmed, it was taken for granted that note had been taken of every eventuality and that any Indian forces heading Secunderabad would be fully prepared for any situation that might arise.

FULLEST SUPPORT FROM MARTIAL HINTERLAND

A noteworthy element in the situation is that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's appeal to divest the Hyderabad issue of any communal tinge and to eliminate any chances of exacerbation of popular feeling has been fully maintained throughout the border district where the determination prevails that whatever action is taken by the Government of India shall have the fullest support of the martial hinterland.

STUDENTS CONGRESS PROMISES 50,000 VOLUNTEERS

LUCKNOW, Sept. 11, (A.P.I.): The Executive Committee of the All India Students Congress at its meeting held here today adopted a resolution pledging its unstinted support to the Government in combating dangerous to the security of the State. It resolved to raise a volunteer corps of 50,000 students which will be at the service of the nation.

Stop Press

LONDON TALKS ON BERLIN

LONDON, Sept 12 (Reuter): British Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin, today attended a meeting of the three-man London Standing Committee on Berlin, who were discussing instructions to be sent to the envoys of the Western Powers in Moscow for a new approach to the Kremlin on the Berlin crisis.

FURTHER RISE IN GANGES FLOOD LEVEL

PATNA, Sept. 12 (A.P.I.): The flood level of the Ganga continues to rise here. A 3.6 inches rise was recorded during the last twenty-four hours. The river level is two feet two inches below the highest flood level of 168.90, recorded in 1923.

C. P. BORDER MEASURES

NAGPUR, Sept. 12 (A. P. I): Stringent security measures have been taken all along the 700-mile Central Provinces-Hyderabad border for the last nine months and plans are now ready to deal with any eventuality, it is learnt here today.

KING GEORGE DISTRESSED

"Irreparable Loss To All In Pakistan"

LONDON, Sept. 12, (Reuter) King George today sent a telegram of condolence to Miss Fatima Jinnah:—

"THE QUEEN AND I ARE DISTRESSED TO HEAR THE NEWS OF YOUR DISTINGUISHED BROTHER'S DEATH. THIS LOSS WILL, WE ALL KNOW, BE IRREPARABLE TO YOURSELF AND TO ALL IN PAKISTAN. WE SEND YOU OUR SINCERE SYMPATHY." THE KING SAID.

"Attlee's "Deepest Sympathy"

LONDON: Prime Minister Clement Attle today sent a telegram of condolence on the death of Mr. Jinnah to the Prime Minster of Pakistan, Liaquat Ali Khan. "Please accept my sympathy in the loss which your country has suffered at this time." Mr. Attlee said.

"Mr. Jinnah's unswerving devotion to the ideal of Pakistan and his tireless work for it will always be remembered. Please express also my deepest sympathy to Miss Jinnah."

Rajaji's Message To Miss Fatima Jinnah

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12 (API): The Governor-General of India Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, has sent the following message to Miss Fatima Jinnah:—

"Dear sister, My deepest sympathy and the sympathy of all my people and my Government to you and your people. May the minds of men and women in India and Pakistan turn reverently upwards on this solemn occasion. May all of us be enabled, by the most High, to go worthily through all our trials and tribulations".

JAWAHAR'S CONDOLENCE

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, has sent the following message to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan.

"On behalf of the people of India, my colleagues and on my own behalf I send to the Government and the people of Pakistan our sincerest sympathies in the great loss that Pakistan has suffered by the death of His Excellency Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah.

"Please convey our condolences to Miss Jinnah also."

INDIA FLIES FLAG HALF-MAST

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12 (API): The Government of India has issued the following Gazette Extraordinary today:-

"The Government of India have learnt with deep regret of the death last night of His Excellency Quaid-e Azam Jinnah. As a mark of respect to his memory it is hereby ordered that flags on all public buildings and defence establishments shall be flown half-mast today."

Shavax Lal Calls On Pakistan High Commissioner

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12. (API): The Secretary to the Governor-General, Mr. Shavax Lal, and the Military Secretary, Col. Chatterji, called on Pakistan High Commissioner in India on behalf of the Governor-General Mr C. Rajagopalachair, to convey His Excellency's condolence on the death of Quaid-e-Azam M. A. Jinnah Governor-General of Pakistan.

TRICOLOUR FLOWN HALF MAST

City Mayor's Tribute To Jinnah's Memory

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Flags on Government House, the Secretariat and other public buildings were flown half-mast since this morning when Mr. Jinnah's death spread through Bombay and cast a pall of sorrow over the city.

The Tricolour at the Congress House was the first to be lowered as a mark of respect to the Quaid-e-Azam's memory.

The Mayor of Bombay, Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas told the "Bombay Chronicle" that Mr. Jinnah's death was a tragic loss to Pakistan. "At a time when the new State of Pakistan needed all the strength and wisdom of her prime architect, it is a grievous event that Mr. Jinnah should have died. He was a great statesman, a resolute fighter for his ideals and a politician of the finest calibre" the Mayor said.

Mrs. Wadia, the only daughter of Mr. Jinnah, left Bombay for Karachi this morning to be present at the funeral rites of her father.

Many shops in Muslim localities were closed today.

FLAGS TO BE HALF-MAST IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Sept 12 (API): The Government of Bombay has issued

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"LOSS TO ENTIRE MUSLIM WORLD"

Imam's Tribute To Jinnah

4—LAKH MOURNERS PAY LAST RESPECTS TO QUAID-I AZAM

Messages Of Sympathy From King George, Premier Attlee And Sir Stafford Cripps

KARACHI, September 12. (API): Quaid-i-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah was buried at 6.24 p.m. today at the Idga Maidan here.

At 2-45 p.m. Ministers of the Pakistan Government, high officials and members of the Diplomatic Corps came to the hall where the body was lying in state.

The Pakistan Foreign Minister, Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, lifted the covering off the body to enable those assembled to have a full view.

The body was then moved to the adjacent room and placed over the bier.

ZAFRULLAH LIFTS BIER

Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, who led the procession gently lifted the bier and put it on his shoulder. He along with Sardar Abfur Rab Nishtar, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Pirzada Abdus Sattar and the Sind Premier, Pir Illahi Baksh, and Syed Miran Mohammed Shah carried the bier from the portico to the main gate. The bier was followed by two cars—one with Miss Fatima Jinnah and Mrs. Wadia (daughter of Quaid-i-Azam) and the other carrying Lady Hidayatullah.

CROWD DEMANDS BODY ON BIER

The large crowd, waiting at the gate reciting 'Kalma', demanded that the body should be carried on the bier and not on the gun carriage. But the crowd was persuaded to let the official programme go through.

The gun carriage was drawn by naval cadets and on either side of the carriage were the Pakistan Prime Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Foreign Minister Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, and other Ministers.

VANGUARD OF CORTEGE

A detachment of 50 civil policemen formed the vanguard of the cortege followed by the main body of the Royal Pakistan navy ratings, about 100 personnel of Pakistan army and airforce. Two companies of the R.A.F. and the Governor-General's body guards were immediately in front of the gun carriage.

Over 200,000 mourning citizens reciting 'Kalma' uninterruptedly moved on slowly, and in an orderly and impressive manner.

The two-mile long procession reached at 4-30 the Exhibition ground—the destination of the last journey of the Qaid-i-Azam.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Mr. J. N. Mandal, Labour Minister, members of the Diplomatic Corps from Islamic countries and other Central and Provincial Cabinet Ministers were among those who offered prayers.

The bier was taken out from the gun carriage and brought to the

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Nazimuddin To Succeed Jinnah

KARACHI, SEPT. 12 (U. P. I.): KWAJA NAZIMUDDIN, PREMIER OF EAST BENGAL, HAS BEEN SELECTED TO SUCCEED MR. JINNAH AS THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF PAKISTAN. THIS DECISION WAS TAKEN BY THE PAKISTAN CABINET AFTER PROLONGED DISCUSSIONS SINCE LAST NIGHT.

KWAJA NAZIMUDDIN REACHED KARACHI ABOUT 5 P.M. TODAY, IN THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S SPECIAL PLANE AND ATTENDED THE FUNERAL.

Nazimuddin For Karachi

DACCA, Sept 12, (U.P.A.): The news of Mr. Jinnah's death came here as a shock.

People gathered around radios and were greatly moved to hear the sad news. Shops were closed and vehicular traffic was stopped.

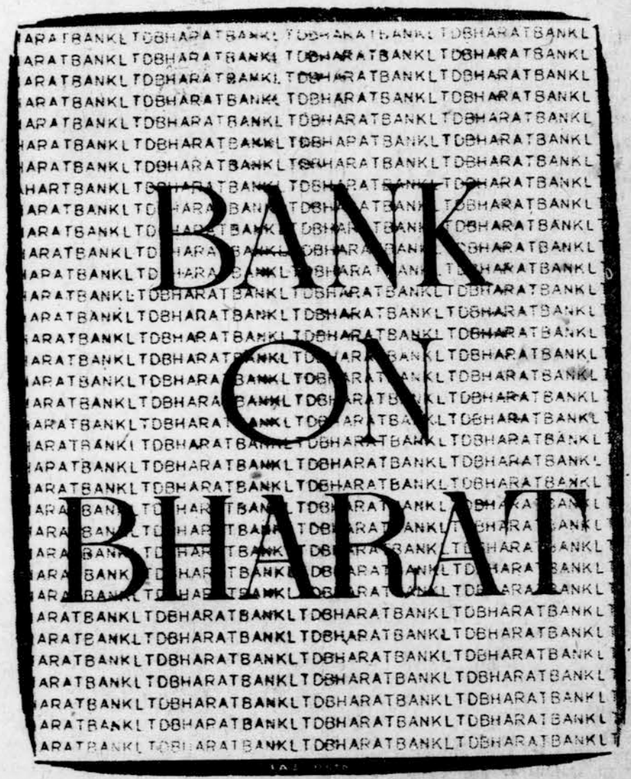
The Premier of East Bengal, Khwaja Nazimuddin, accompanied by the Civil Supplies Minister, Mr. Nurul Amin, and the Chief Secretary Mr. Aziz Ahmed left for Karachi by air this morning.

They are expected to reach Karachi from Delhi by a special plane to attend the Quaid-e-Azam's funeral.

The party was seen off by other Ministers of the East Bengal Government and grief stricken crowd at the aerodrome.

Cripps' Tribute

LONDON, Sept. 12 (UPA).—Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, paid a tribute to the late Quaid-i-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah, Governor General of Pakistan, in a message to the Pakistan High Commissioner which said: "It was the honesty of his convictions and clarity of his purpose which marked him out as a great leader of his people."



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If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad apply for 'Terms' (stating qualifications and desires) to Roberts & Co., employment Agents, Subathu (Simla Hills). (9405)

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Big four, well built (Pucca) sheds are to be let for godowns or workshops at Worli (near Wireless Station) Bombay. Total area about 6000 square yards. Apply Box No. 9488, "Bombay Chronicle."

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If you want Personal Friends apply personally The Universal League of Introduction, 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay 9459A

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Special Classes for late entrants for Professional Diploma Courses and General Commerce Courses. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 9498

For Matric Terminal Exam. Special Classes Commence Today Evening, Bombay Tutorial College, First Floor, G. E. School (for girls) Dadar. All Subjects. (9495)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Subscriptions for Indian, American and British magazines, new and renewals accepted at competitive rates. Always use our old-established reliable and efficient service already serving over 55,000 clients. Also we solicit enquiries for Technical and Scientific Books, Code books, Trade Directories, etc. as well as Butterworths Legal and Medical Publications. International Book House, Ltd., Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay. (1331)

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Wanted Agents and Stockists for our Pearl Nut, Aluminium Buttons. Bombay Button Works, Beat 3, Amritsar. 9425

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OFFICE EQUIPMENT

Typewriters on Hire, Rs. 15/- and upwards per month for each machine, against deposit of Rs. 250/-. Deposit will not be insisted from reputable firms. Duplicating work undertaken. Rs. 5/- for 100 sheets Rs. 3/- for additional 100 sheets. Contact:— Streamline Agency, 195, Hornby Road. Join! Streamline Library. (9502)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Sterling Chemical & Pharmaceutical Works Ltd. Write for Particulars 302/1 Upper Circular Rd Calcutta 8136

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Those plain and printed ever-glazed American Chintz you were waiting for have arrived Call early to have the pick of the lot. Raval Tiles & Marble Ltd. 97A, Queen's Road Bombay 1 8778

Calcium Carbide. Generators and Burners — Available from shipments arriving end August per s.s. "Excelsior" and s.s "Merwada" from America and Italy respectively Calcium Carbide 50/80 mm size. Also can supply Generators, 14 and 7-lb charges and Bray Burners Neto and Ceto Brands, sizes 7 to 28 litres. The Industrial Gases Ltd., 34/1-K, Ballygunge, Circular Road, Calcutta. 9413

PUBLIC NOTICES

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(1) One Assistant Lecturer in Civil Engineering.
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(iii) be of good physique.

Scale of pay 350-25-700 plus C. L. A.

If selected candidates are non-Burmans, they will be offered 3 year contract.

Applications should reach the Registrar, University of Rangoon, on or before 1st October 1948. (1414)

G.I.P. RAILWAY.
NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore & Thull Ghauts, G.I.P. Rly., Lonavla, invites tender upto 16-30 hrs. on 27th September, 1948 for supplying and stacking ballast on Railway ground between Karjat and Lonavla.

The form of tender schedule and condition of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- each. This sum will not be refunded. 1270

G.I.P. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhore and Thull Ghats, G.I.P. Railway, Lonavla, invites tender upto 15.30 hrs. on 4th October 1948 for supplying and stacking on Railway ground stone headers and stretchers at Lonavla or Khandala or Chinchwad.

The form of tender schedule and condition of contract agreement can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- each. This sum will not be refunded. Lonavla, 4-9-1948. (1350)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Statistician for the Jute Agricultural Research Institute, Hooghly. Candidates must possess a Master's Degree in Statistics or in Mathematics with knowledge of statistical methods or must possess a good degree in statistics of Foreign University. They should have at least three years' experience in application of statistical techniques to actual problems relating to agricultural experimentations. The post carries a pay in the scale Rs. 200-15-350-E.B.- 20-650 PLUS usual Dearness and House rent allowances as admissible to the Officers of the Central Government subject to revision according to the recommendations of the Pay Commission. Higher initial salary may be given to highly qualified person. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year and he will be entitled to the benefits of the Contributory Provident Fund of the Committee after confirmation. Applications with copies of testimonials and published papers must reach the undersigned on or before the 30th September, 1948.

G. C. SEN,
Secretary, Indian Central Jute Committee.
4, Hastings Street. 1381

NOTICE TO ALL IMPORTERS.
EFFECT ON MARINE INSURANCE POLICIES
OF
DELAYED CLEARANCE OF CARGOES.

CONSIGNESS ARE WARNED that failure on their part to clear their import cargoes from the Bombay Port Trust Warehouses, Godowns, etc., with reasonable despatch might prejudice any claims they may have against Insurance Companies. It is pointed out that under the Institute Cargo Clauses in most Companies' policies the following clause appears:—

"7. It is a condition of this insurance that the assured shall act with reasonable despatch in all circumstances within their control.

By deliberately using the Bombay Port Trust Warehouses, Godowns, etc., as storage godowns consignees make such godowns the "final warehouse" and any losses occurring in the godowns after a reasonable period would not be recoverable from Insurance Companies.

Inserted by
BOMBAY UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION.
Jacob Sasson Building,
6, Rampart Row,
Fort, Bombay. (1282)

NOTICE

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED (Incorporated in England, the liability of members being Limited).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from the 17th September to 2nd October, 1948, both days inclusive. (1383)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS in English are invited for "Rebuilding Abutments and Wing Walls of—

(a) Bridges No. 440 and 442 between Udhna and Surat, and
(b) Bridges No. 533 and 535 between Lakodra and Miyagam stations."

The cost of the whole work is approximately Rs. 3.2 lakhs.

2. Tenders should reach the office of the Chief Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, General Offices, Churchgate not later than 11 hours (I.S.T.) on 28th September, and they will be opned on the same day at 12.30 hours in the same office.

3. Tender documents together with schedule of approximate quantities (in 2 groups) can be obtained from the office of the undersigned during office hours on payment of Rs. 7/- only which will not be refunded.

4. Plans can be seen in the office of the Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges) during office hours and can be supplied, if required, on payment of Rs. 5/- per set for each group.

5. Tenders on specified forms only will be accepted and must be accompanied with complete contract documents.

H. R. EVELEIGH,
Chief Engineer. (1410)

INDIAN MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION, LTD.,
"INDIAN MUTUAL LIFE BUILDING"
No. 10, Mount Road, Madras.
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 22ND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Association will be held on SATURDAY, the 16th October, 1948, at 3 P.M. at No. 10, Mount Road, Madras, the Registered Office of the Association for the transaction of the following business:

(a) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Accounts for the year ending 31st December 1947.
(b) To elect an Auditor or Auditors for the Association and fix his or their remuneration.
(c) To elect two Directors for the Association in the place of Sir Vepa Ramesam and Mr. T. S. Narayanaswamy, who retire this year. Applications from persons possessing the necessary qualification and who are prepared to accept office as elected Directors are invited to send their applications addressed to the General Secretary in accordance with our Articles of Association.
(d) To sanction payment of a bonus to office staff not exceeding two months salary.

N.B. —Policyholders desirous of attending the meeting should apply to the General Secretary of the Association for a certificate of admission, such applications to reach the Association not less than 15 days before the date of the meeting.

By Order of the Board
C. M. SRINIVASAN,
General Secretary.

Madras,
Dated: 7th September, 1948. (1451)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS for admission to the new two years' post-graduate course in Statistics M.A. and M.Sc. (Group C) —will be received by the undersigned till the 25th of September, 1948. Only 20 students will be admitted this year. Preference will be given to candidates having a high Honours Degree in Mathematics —B.A. or B.Sc.

By Order
S. R. DONGERKERY
University Registrar
Bombay, 10th Sept. 1948. (1408)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY
THE THAKKAR VASSONJI MADHAVJI LECTURES
PROFESSOR V. K. VAIDYA, B.A., Professor of Gujarati, M. T. B. College, Surat, will deliver the The Thakkar Vassonji Madhavji Lectures in the Lecture Theatre (1st Floor), University School of Economics and Sociology, Fort, Bombay, from Monday the 13th September 1948 to Friday the 17th September, 1948 (both days inclusive). The Lectures will commence at 6 p.m. on each day. The general title of the serious of Lectures is:—

TWENTIETH CENTURY LITERATURE IN GUJARAT:
MAIN CURRENTS AND SOME PERSONAL FORCES

The Lectures will be delivered in English.

Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri, M.A., LL.B will preside over the inaugural Lecture.

S. R. DONGERKERY
University Registrar. (1409)

GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT.
B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY

QUOTATIONS returnable by 11 hrs. on 17-9-1948, are invited on Railway's form for the supply of (1) Pulses, (2) Edible Oils, (3) Pure Ghee, (4) Jaggery, (5) Spices, (6) Dry copra, (7) Onions, (8) Potatoes (9) Sugar, from the merchants possessing the necessary trade licences.

For quantities, terms and deliveries and other conditions please apply to the Asstt. Controller of Grainshops, Church Gate, at any time during working hours. 1398

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY LIMITED
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on the eleventh day of October, 1948, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) when the following resolution will me proposed as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED that in response to the appeal for subscription to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund and/or other funds to perpetuate the memory of Mahatma Gandhi, the Directors be authorised, on behalf of the Company, to make a contribution of a sum not exceeding Rs. 15 lakhs either in one sum or by instalments."

By order of the Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES LTD.
Managing Agents,
J. R. D. TATA,
Director.

Bombay, 9th September, 1948. 1412

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Tender No. Sale 14

THE ITEMS will be put up for sale at Halishahar at 10 a. m. on 27-9-48 by M/s. Mackenzie Lyall & Co., Calcutta and not in their sale room as printed in the tender.

GENERAL MANAGER. 1415

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
GRAIN SHOP DEPARTMENT
TENDER NOTICE

QUOTATIONS for the supply of charcoal to Railway employees at their residence in different Municipal Wards of Bombay City and Suburbs upto Borivli, are invited on the prescribed tender forms returnable by 11 hrs., on 20-9-48.

Terms of delivery and other particulars can be had from the office of the Asst. Controller of Grainshops, B. B. & C. I. Rly. Church Gate, Bombay. (1419)

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN given of the loss of Policy Numbered 198469 on the life of BEKAL SHIVARAM RAO of Bombay, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

B. K. SHAH,
General Manager.
Date 13th Sept. 1948. 9504

NOTICE

WANTED a qualified Chemist with special post-graduate studies in Chemical and bacteriological analysis of water, sewage and foodstuffs for the post of a Deputy Town Chemist, Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur. Salary in the grade of Rs. 300-20-400. Preference will be given to those having parctical experience in sanitary engineering, public health and specially in the control of Sewage Purification and disposal plants. Apply with details of qualifications, experience, age etc., to the Assistant Director of Personnel (Employment), TISCO, Jamshedpur, on or before 30th September, 1948. (1418)

NOTICE

AN EXAMINATION will be held in November next for recruitment of Probationery Accountants for the Pakistan Audit Department; the subjects of the examination being 'Precis and Draft', 'Mathematics' and 'General Knowledge'. Basic pay during training (about 6 months) Rs. 100/- and thereafter in the scale of Rs. 150-15-270. Failure to pass prescribed Departmental Examination within three years would entail discharge from service. Further promotion open in non-gazetted and gazetted ranks. Intending candidates, who must be graduates and not more than 30 years of age on the 1-11-48 should send their applications with full particulars, attested copies of certificates, etc. to the Auditor General of Pakistan, 243 Staff Lines, Karachi, so as to reach him not more than the 30-9-48. Those permitted to take the examination will have to pay an admission fee of Rs. 5/- per head, which will not be refunded. Selected candidates will not be allowed to apply for jobs outside the Audit Department for a minimum period of 5 years. (1417)

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING & MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.
NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 25th September to THURSDAY, the 28th October, 1498, both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES LIMITED,
Managing Agents,
A. D. SHROFF,
Director.

Bombay House.
Bruce Street, Fort,
Bombay, 11th September, 1948. (1411)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO. LTD.,
(In Voluntary Liquidation)
LOST TEMPORARY RECEIPT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Temporary Receipt No. 58194 in respect of 10 Ordinary shares Nos. 141694 to 141698 & 187244 to 187248 of the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co. Ltd. (In Voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Mrs. Mitrabai Subrao Divgi and Mrs. Ramabai Bhawanishanker Divgi has been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1 within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Temporary receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated, 13th Sept. 1948.

(Sd). MRS. MITRABAI S. DIVGI.
MRS. RAMABAI B. DIVGI. (9503)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RUSTOMJI NUSSERWANJI KERAWALLA AND OTHERS, the Trustees of Deed of Settlement dated 27th March, 1944, made between the said Rustomji Nusserwanji Kerawalla and Another of the one part and the said Rustomji Nusserwanji Kerawalla and others of the other part, have agreed to sell to our client free from all encumbrances and claims the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim against the said property are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days, otherwise on the expiration of the said period the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, shall be considered to have been absolutely waived.

THE SCHEDULE

All that piece of land, admeasuring about 1075 sq. yds. situate on and being Plot No. 759 of the Dadar-Matunga Estate of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay in the City of Bombay bounded on the North-East by Parsi Colony Road No. 2, on the South-East by Parsi Colony Road No. 7, on the South-West by Plot No. 758 of the said Estate leased to Nariman Dadabhoy Adenwalla and on the North-West by Plot No. 760 of the said Estate leased to Hiralal Gopal and others and which piece of land bears New Survey No. 1183 Part and Cadastral Survey No. 565|10 of Matunga Division together with buildings standing thereon and assessed under F Ward No. 6500 (19), Street 2-2A of Road No. 7, Parsi Colony.

Dated this 10th day of September 1948.

MADHAVJI & CO.
Purchaser's Attorney. 1413

NOTICE
SMALL CAUSES COURT OF CALCUTTA
Suit No. 13252|41.
THE STANDARD LITERATURE CO. LTD.
Vs.
H. P. CAHILL, 4, Western Breeze, Colaba, Bombay.

To,
H. P. CAHILL, 4, Western Breeze, Colaba Bombay.

You are hereby directed to show cause before the Learned Registrar on 6-11-48 at 10.30 a.m. why the decree should not be revived and be executed for the realisation of the balance of decree.

By order, etc.
SENIOR SUPERINTENDENT.
Small Causes Court,
Calcutta.
The 7th Sept. 1948. 1416

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of 14 TYPEWRITERS (Remington, Underwood and L. C. Smith) and 9 BICYCLES (Hercules, Phillips and Hind) under instructions from the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), on 20-9-'48 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at Textile Commissioner's Office, Ahmedabad House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate. Terms Cash and immediate delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS HARWALLA BUILDING NO. 14 AT SOPARI BAG.

Under instructions from the Joint Receivers appointed in Suit No. 750 of 1947 (Mahomedbhai Mulla Buxabhoy Shaikh Abdul Rahim vs. Mulla Mahomedali Shaikh Sarafali and others) and pursuant to the directions contained in the Consent Decree, dated 24th September, 1947, M/s. BENNETT & CO., will TO-DAY MONDAY, 13th September, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

Land with buildings on Plot No. 43 of Improvement Trust Soparibag Estate, about 768 sq. yards, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 200/74 Parel-Sewri Division.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Vakil Dadabhoy and Bharucha, Attorneys for the Joint Receivers or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE
PROPERTY AT SANKLI STREET, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

OFFERS ARE INVITED by the Trustees of the Nowrosjee Nusserwanjee Wadia Trust Buildings for Parsees for the purchase of their property at Sankli Street, Byculla, Bombay, short particulars of which appear hereunder.

Any person intending to offer must submit such offer before 3 p.m. (S.T.) on the 28th day of September, 1948, to the undersigned as Attorneys for the Trustees at their office at Standard Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Every offer must be made in the prescribed form which incorporates the terms and conditions of sale. Forms of offer, so long as available, will be supplied to intending Purchasers by the undersigned on application during office hours. Intending Purchasers may inspect the property during the hours of 10 a.m. to 12 a.m. and 3 p.m. to 5 p.m. on any week day. The Trustees will not pay brokerage to any broker to whom any form of offer may be delivered.

SHORT PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY

FREEHOLD PROPERTY at Sankli Street, Byculla, Bombay C. S. No. 1792 of Byculla Division. AREA OF LAND believed to admeasure 1273.3/9th sq. yds. or thereabouts free of cess and revenue payments. BUILDING known as Sankli Terrace containing twelve tenements and two garages all tenanted. TOTAL STANDARD RENTAL Rs. 667 PRESENT Municipal assessment including Urban Immovable Property Tax Rs. 1912-4-0 plus increase in general tax (recoverable from tenants) Rs. 18-6-0.

BOUNDARIES. On NORTH, EAST and WEST by properties of the Bombay Municipality on SOUTH by Sankli Street.

Dated the 11th day of September, 1948.

CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE
Attorneys for the Vendors. (1407)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of All-Stock-in Trade of The General Stone Co., as a going Concern including big lots of Tiles of various sizes, Furniture including Writing Tables, Revolving Chair, Cupboards, Typewriter, Wall Clock, Elec. Ceiling Fan, etc., on WEDNESDAY, 15th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Shop of M/s General Stone Co. Duncan Road, Bombay, under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay as Receiver appointed in Suit No. 3200 of 1947 (Ismailji Nathubhai v/s Gulamally Cassumally the defendants).

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE of Immovable Properties known as "Shirin Talkies" with all cinema machinery, Apparatus Furniture etc. and 4 storeyed Chawl known as Jamshed Building at Jacob Circle advertise for sale today Monday 13-9-48 has been postponed until further notice.

GANDHI & CO.

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2 GREAT BOOKS

1. MARRIAGE TECHNIQUE (Illustrated) by C. H. Rai. Rs. 1-8 (Sh. 3/-) Seventh Print.
2. WEDDING NIGHT (Ill.) Ans. 12 (Sh. 1-6). SOLD EVERY WHERE IN INDIA & CEYLON.

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6TH COMBINED WEEK
SEE IT TODAY
JIVAN KALA CHITRA
HUA SAVERA
NAYANTARA. SAPRU.
Daily Four Shows
NATIONAL 1-30, 4, 7 10
LIBERTY ART Release.

SOHRAB MODI
SCORES A HIT
IN
MINERVA'S Gujarati Epic

PRITHVI VALLABH
2ND WEEK **CENTRAL**
DAILY 3 SHOWS
3-30, 6-30, 9-30

Refreshing Romance!
RAJKAMAL'S
BANWASI
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30.
Sun. 1-15
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6.

4th WEEK AT
NEW WEST END

AMANULLAH'S BROTHER REACHES TRIBAL TERRITORY

Pathanistan Movement To Gather Strength

BOMBAY, Sept 11 (UPI):—"Ex King Amanullah's brother, Prince Aminjan, who was until recently under detention at Rangoon and then at Ootacamund has reached the tribal territory. The national upsurge for Pathanistan has received an added momentum now that there are two leaders to guide the movement he and the Fakir Ipi."

Thus observed the three Afghan Princes—Sardar Hafizullah Khan, Sardar Inayatullah Khan and Sardar Habibullah Khan, in the course of a statement to the Press today.

In the course of an appeal to the Pathans of the tribal areas and the North-West Frontier Province, they add: "Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Dr. Khan Sahib and Khan Abdus Samad Khan, leaders of the freedom movement who fought the British for the independence of Pathan land are today rotting in Pakistan jails. If Pakistan were based on truth and fair-play and respected the principle of democracy they should have been at the helm of its affairs. Pakistan which is exploiting the religious sentiments of Islamic countries has, however, chosen otherwise and has succeeded to some extent in deceiving Afghanistan also. The Pathans however, should not play into the hands of its agents, Pir or Manki, Sharif and Hazarath Gul Khan.

"Pathans can never remain slaves of Pakistan.

"We, therefore, appeal to the Pathans to play under the common flag of Prince Aminjan and the Fakir of Ipi and work for the establishment of an independent Pathanistan.

"Lastly, we urged the Pathans not to poke their nose in Kashmir or Hyderabad affairs for our own house is on fire."

NATIONAL SERVICE

Governor-General Issues Ordinance

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12.—The Governor General has issued an ordinance for the rendering of national service by persons serving on temporary engagements in, and by persons released from, the Indian Land forces.

The important features of the ordinance are:—

Every released person shall be liable to be called up for national service unless such person is, at the time of such calling up, employed in a civilian capacity, in any department of the Government or the Government of any acceding State. A proviso, however, exempts a released person who has completed his fifty-fifth year to be called up for national service.

Every person serving on a temporary engagement shall be liable to be retained in national service.

National service is defined as service in the Indian Land Forces or in any corps thereof and includes service in a civilian capacity.

It shall be the duty of any employer by whom any released person called up for national service was employed at the date of notice calling him up for such national service to reinstate him in his employment at the termination of national service in an occupation and under condition not less favourable to him than those which would have been applicable to him had his employment not been so interrupted.

Any released person who wilfully fails to comply with any notice issued under the ordinance shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

M.P.C. Disapproves P.C.C.'s Recommendation

POONA, Sept 12 (UPI):

Complete freedom to express individual opinion on the question of linguistic regrouping of India's provinces will be given to members of the Bombay Legislature when the resolution on the subject will be moved in the House.

This was disclosed by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, speaking on a resolution on the same subject at a meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress here this afternoon.

The meeting adopted a resolution disapproving B. P. C. C.'s recommendation to postpone consideration of the question by ten years and demanded immediate formation of the United Maharashtra Province including the Bombay City.

Two Resign From Muslim League

MADURA Sept 12, (A.P.I.): Mr. S. K. S. Kabir and M. Sheikh Abdul Khadar, two members of the Muslim League in Kilakari a predominantly Muslim area in Ramnad district have resigned from the League as in their view the present policy of the Indian Muslim League is detrimental to the good of the country.

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Bears'
HONEYDEW
CIGARETTES
4 ANNAS FOR 10 PLUS LOCAL TAX WHERE IN FORCE
M/153

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu Bhadrapad Shud 11, 2004
Muslim: Zilkad 9, 1367.
Parsi: Farvardin 11, 1318.
Sunrise 6-26 a.m., Sunset 18-43 p.m.
Hightide 09-45, 21-26.
Lowtide 02-19, 16-12.

Today's Engagements

RADICAL STUDENTS UNION: A series of four lectures on "The Crisis Of Our Time" will be delivered by Prof. G. D. Parikh, Fellow of the Bombay University, at the University Convocation Hall, Fort, on the 13th, 15th and 17th Sept. at 6 p.m. The lectures are organised by the Radical Students Union. The subjects of the lectures are: "Some Solutions and Panaceas", "A Possible Way Out" and "Problems of Indian Reconstruction."

AT YOU TODAY—Debate with Sydenham College, Subject: "It is better to have small families than large ones" at Youths' Own Union—YOU—Cama Library Hall today (Monday).

B.B. MUSLIM LEAGUE: "In connection with the death of Quaid-e-Azam Mohamed Ali Jinnah, the following programme has been announced by Mr. Abdul Kader Hafizka, Hon. Gen. Secretary, Bombay Provincial Muslim League: A public condolence meeting will be held in Bombay today (Monday) at Mastan Tank, at 5-30 p.m. Mr. A. A. Khan, M.L.A. will preside.

League bodies throughout the Province are requested to organise condolence meetings on Ziarat Day, i.e., Tuesday, the 14th September, and offer prayers that his soul may rest in peace."

DR. SOUKATULLAH ANSARI: Who has been appointed Counsellor in the Indian Embassy at Ankara (Turkey) left for Turkey by s.s. Statesman Manore" on Sunday morning. He was accompanied by his son.

BOMBAY HOTEL KAMGAR UNION: On urgent special body meeting today (Monday) at 8-30 p.m. at Vanmali Hall Dadar, Com. Asoka Mehta will preside.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Sept. 12.—Mr. E. F. Groombridge, Miss M. M. Willmott and Mrs. S. Guevrek came to lunch.

Rani Maharaj Singh visited the Settlement for University Women, Revnolds Road, Byculla.

"UTILITY OF EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE"

At 9-45 p.m. today Monday, the 13th September, All-India Radio Bombay will broadcast a discussion on the "Utility of Employment Exchange." The following will take part: Hon'ble Mr. Justice R. A. Jahagirdar, Prof C. N. Vakil, Mr. M. H. Shah, General Manager, Premier Automobiles and M.L.A. Central, Mr. H. N. Trivedi, General Secretary, Hindustan Majdoor Sangh and Mr. M. G. Monani, Regional Director of Resettlement and Employment Bombay. This can be heard on 244 and 61.48 meters.

H.M.I.S. "DELHI"

In connection with the inauguration of HMIS "DELHI" as the flag ship of the Royal Indian Navy, the following programmes have been arranged by All-India Radio, Bombay.

MONDAY 13TH SEPT. 18-20 HRS: Running commentary from on board the HMIS "Kistna" going out into the sea to meet the HMIS "Delhi" Wave lengths 244 and 41.44 metres.

TUESDAY 14TH SEPT: 13-40 hrs: Commentary from mid-sea on the transference of the Admiral's flag from HMIS "KISTNA" to HMIS "DELHI" Wave lengths: 244 and 31.41 meters.

WEDNESDAY 15TH SEPT. 11-00 hrs. Running commentary from Ballard Pier on the arrival of HMIS "DTLHI", followed by a broadcast of the Hon'ble Prime Minister's address. Wave lengths: 244 and 31.41 meters.

Melville de Mellow is expected to give the running commentary. The programme on the 13th and 14th will be radiated through the transmitter of HMIS "Kistna." Relays will be subject to satisfactory reception conditions.

C. V. Raman Back In India

BOMBAY, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): Sir C. V. Raman, the eminent Indian physcist who attended a meeting of the Advisory Council of the International Bank of Reconstruction at Washington returned to Bombay from New York by air today and left shortly afterwards for Madras.

C. Kumarappa Against Race To Industrialise

CUTTACK Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): Addressing the students of the Ravenshaw College yesterday Mr. J. C. Kumarappa expressed his disapproval of the present race to industrialise the country. He asked them to follow the Gandhian principle of non-violence and truth coupled with the principle of self-sufficiency which alone he said, would place the country on a sound economic plane devoid of violence. A structure founded on such principle he added, would be lasting and would not be subject to turmoil that England was experiencing today after the last war. Mr. Harekhishna Mahatab, Premier of Orissa was present at the meeting.

NAGPUR, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): Consequent on the decision to abolish the posts of Commissioners the Provincial Government have decided to introduce a bill to make provision for consequential matters on the abolition of these posts. There are at present four Commissioners in the Central Provinces and Berar for four Divisions. The Government are thus giving effect to the recommendations of a Committee which had been appointed in 1939.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Sept. 12

The following is the weather summary for Sunday the 12th September 1948

Observations from the United Provinces and Rajputana are meagre. Rainfall has been fairly widespread over the region from Berar and the north-east Central Provinces to Assam and sub-Himalayan West Bengal along & near the Coromandel-Circars coast and in the South Konkan. There have also been local showers in the East Punjab and West Hyderabad.

FORCAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 13TH: Rainfall will be widespread and locally heavy in Assam, Chota Nagpur, Bihar the East United Provinces, East Central India and the north-east Central Provinces. There will also be fairly widespread rain with a few moderate to heavy falls along the Coromandel-Circars coast. Local showers are likely in Gangetic West Bengal, Berar the south Central Provinces, and the Deccan. Weak Monsoon conditions will prevail elsewhere.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Sept. 12.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.) on 12th Sept-1948

Ahmedabad 92 79 0.1 8.2 minus 17.3 Bangalore 83 69 0 22.8 plus 8.3 Baroda 90 78 0 11.7 Belgaum 77 67 0 32.6 minus 4.2 BOMBAY 88 78 T 57.2 minus 4.7 Calcutta 84 79 T 44.1 plus 2.5 Colombo 87 75 0 20.0 plus 0.5 Cuttak 85 79 0 minus 23.8 Delhi 83 77 T 29.8 plus 42.3 plus 1.8 Darjiling 65 56 0.8 67.4 10.3 Hyderabad (Dn.) 87 74 0 16.8 minus 1.9 Madras 90 74 0.4 9.3 minus 2.5 Mahableshwar 66 61 0.8 185.1 minus 52.8 Nagpur 84 74 0.1 30.4 minus 8.3 Ootacamund 68 53 0 16.2 minus 6.7 Patna 83 77 2.8 29.2 minus 5.9 Pashawar 90 72 0 3.4 minus 0.6 Poona 86 70 0 14.1 minus 2.4 Rajkot 94 77 0 5.9 minus 15.4 Rawalpindi 91 69 0 43.2 plus 21.5 Shillong 94 74 0.1 65.5 plus 17.1 Sholapur 91 71 T 19.1 plus 2.7 Simla 65 54 0.2 39.7 minus 3.1 Surat 89 77 0 12.5 minus 23.5.

Radio

BOMBAY, September 13:

244 metres (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Pahadi Geet Sung by Zawwar Husain 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 T. A. Motinath 8-45 Shreemati Bai Narvekar

12-0 p.m. Bahnon Ke Liye Programme of special interest to women in Hindi and Hindustani. Play in Hindi by Janardan Muktidoot Kavi: Short story in Hindustani Talk in Hindi by Sheila Mathur Bhajan 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno Jagmohan Talat Mahmood Kamalas Gupta K. L. Saigal Juthika Roy Kamaldas Gupta Hemant Kumar Pankaj Mallick Pankaj Mallick 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 His Masjesty's Guards Bands

4-20 p.m. School Broadcasts Musical Prelude Science: Talk in English by Rebecca Reuben Air Trio— Talk in English 5-0 J. R. Vaidya 5-15 Laxman S. Bodas 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-30 News (H) 6-15 Laxman S. Bodas 6-30 K.G. Muzumdar 7 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcement and Weather Report 7-15 J. R. Vaidya 7-30 Hind Nu Vidh Sahitya Tamil: Talk in Gujarati 7-45 Gurjar Rangbhoomi Sangit 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Tanvir Naqvi Ke Do Geet Sung by AIR Artist 8-30 J. R. Vaidya 8-45 Suresh Haldankar Marathi Pad (V. S. Gurjar) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-40 Employment Exchange Talk in English 10-0 Suresh Haldankar 10-30 Shreemati Bai Narvekar Shahana Kannada Thumri.

VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s) 7-40 a.m. Marathi Gani Shamabhai of Kolhapur Indumati Chaubal Shamabhai of Kolhapur Kalindi Puntambekar Indumati Chaubal Mohantara Talpade

31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s) 5-45 p.m. Madhurika Muzumdar and Party Gujarati Geet (Avinash Vyas) 6-0 to 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners Gujarati: Weather Report; News; Music. Marathi: Weather Report; News; Kirtan by K. M. Parulekar Kannada: Weather Report; News; "Samanya Oushadhagalu" Talk; Mahila Geet by Jayavanti Hirebet

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s) 7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Madhurika Muzumdar and Party Gujarati Geet (Avinash Vyas) 8-15 T. A. Motinath 9-0 K. G. Muzumdar Shankara 10-0 Mae Dhondy—Soprano A Vocal Recital 10-0 London Symphony Orchestra Conducted by Elgar 10-30 Ernest Politzer— Violincello Sonata A Minor 11-0 Close Down.

Two Convicted In Ellore

ELLORE, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): Messrs K. V. Subba Rao, a resident of seethanagram a village on the border of Hyderabad territory and N. Appalaswamy a Communist of Ellore have been sentenced by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate to undergo three months and six months simple imprisonment respectively for distributing prejudicial leaflets and possessing a gun without licence.

The Ellore police have searched the houses of a Muslim Municipal Councillor, an Ex-Secretary of the Town Muslim League and a third Muslim. Nothing incriminating was, however, found.

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1393

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION SALE OF AMERICAN SURPLUS STORES

The following stores located at American Surplus Stores Depot, Budge Budge, will be auctioned by Messrs. Banarsi Das & Sons, 49, Theatre Road, Calcutta, on the date, time and place given below:

DESCRIPTION OF STORES

Pianos; Miscellaneous Small Tools; Gas Montles; Individual Protective Covers; Refrigerators; Laundry Equipment; Brushes and Mops (various types); Iron Safes for office and Business houses; Corrugated Cans; Cooking Ranges; Iron Beds; Sports Gear; Covers mattresses; Salvage consisting Tarpaulins, Used Furniture, Clothing and Web Equipment, Scrap Steel, Kitchen Stores, Large Quantities of Dunnage Wood, Packing Cases, Empty Drums, etc., etc.

PLACE OF SALE: USASS Depot, Albion Jute Mills, Budge Budge.

DATE AND TIME: Thursday, September 30, 1948 at 9-30 A.M.

Full particulars of the stores have been detailed in the auctioneer's catalogue, copies of which could be procured from the Registered Offices of the Auctioneer. Prospective buyers are requested to satisfy themselves to the condition and quantity of the stores by pre-inspection of the stores at site. Permits for inspection will be issued by the Director, United States Transfers Directorate, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, from September 27 to 29, 1948, both days inclusive.

Full details of conditions of sale will be announced at the time of the auction. All or any of the stores may be withdrawn from the auction if required.

Watch for further announcement by Directorate of United States Transfers, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

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The Bombay Chronicle

We are starting with the fundamental principle that we are citizens and equal citizens of one State. We should keep that in front of us as our ideal and you will find that in course of time Hindus would cease to be Hindus and Muslims cease to be Muslims—not in the religious sense—but in the political sense as citizens of the State.

—Quaid-e-Azam M. A. JINNAH.

MAHOMED ALI JINNAH

Mahomed Ali Jinnah is dead. It is significant that the Quaid-e-Azam died only eight months after the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi. Mahatma Gandhi was the architect of that freedom which Pakistan as well as India enjoys today. The Mahatma sacrificed his life for Hindu-Muslim unity. The Quaid-e-Azam devoted the last ten years of his life to undoing the glorious work of eleven centuries which welded Hindus and Muslims and other communities into one nation. The Mahatma, though dead, lives in the hearts and minds of Muslims as well as Hindus in both parts of divided India—for he lived and died for preserving the vital things that united them rather than the less vital things that divide them—for love, harmony and goodwill among them. The propagation and pursuit of the two-nation theory by the Quaid-e-Azam, whatever his intention may have been, fostered and bred among both communities mutual distrust, fear and hatred to an alarming degree and led to a blood-bath and uprooting of humanity from its native soil such as history had not known before. Muslims in Pakistan may contemplate the work of the Quaid-e-Azam with equanimity, gratitude and admiration because they have secured an independent State of their own. But these sentiments and feelings are certainly not shared by Hindus, whether in Pakistan or India. The majority of Muslims in what is now India were lured by the two-nation theory, but, having witnessed and experienced the inexorable and tragic consequences of the operation of that theory, have now been too thoroughly disillusioned to regard the achievement of the Quaid-e-Azam with the same feelings of complacency and gratitude as their co-religionists in Pakistan do. Whatever the future may unfold in Pakistan, there can be no doubt that the birth of no other State has been accompanied by such vast and intense misery as marked its birth. The Quaid-e-Azam will be remembered as the creator of this State and history will record its creation as one of the most remarkable examples of what one strong-willed individual's tenacity of purpose can achieve. For, there is no doubt that but for Mahomed Ali Jinnah India would have remained united.

The achievement was the more remarkable because it was the result of hardly a decade's crowded and concentrated effort. Though this decade's achievement has overshadowed the work of Mahomed Ali Jinnah during the preceding sixty years of his life, one cannot forget that most of these years were devoted to the service of the country of his birth. He was initiated into public life by India's Grand Old Man, Dadabhai Naoroji, while he was still studying law in England. Returning to India as a barrister he had to face some years of hard struggle in his profession but with determination and courage—which characterized his activities throughout his life—he very soon attained a position of increasing eminence and affluence. He was a born politician. He spoke and thought politics and had his being in politics. As a lieutenant of Pherozeshah Mehta in the Indian National Congress and a colleague of Gokhale in the old Imperial Legislative Council he was among the foremost Congressmen of his time who, in their own way, wrought for their country's freedom. He unceasingly worked for close and harmonious co-operation between Hindus and Muslims so much so that Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, one of his greatest friends, described him as the ambassador of Hindu-Muslim unity. Though the All-India Muslim League was started in 1906, so non-communal was his attitude in political matters that he did not join it until 1913 when the League's policy was brought into line with that of the Indian National Congress. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu thus describes his joining the League at the desire of Maulana Mohamed Ali and Syed Wazir Hasan: "Typical of his exquisite, in somewhat exigent, sense of honour, is it to find that even so simple an incident partook of something like a sacrament. His two sponsors (Mahomed Ali and Wazir Hasan) were required to make a solemn preliminary covenant that loyalty to the Muslim League and the Muslim interest would in no way and at no time imply even the shadow of disloyalty to the larger national cause to which his life was dedicated." No wonder of Jinnah of those days Gokhale, whom Gandhiji regarded as his "guru", said: "He has true stuff in him and that freedom from all sectarian prejudice which will make him the best ambassador of Hindu-Muslim unity." He was one of the most prominent leaders of the Home Rule agitation during the first world war. When after the war with the three-fold purpose of redressing the Punjab Martial Law wrong, securing justice for Turkey and preserving the inviolability of the Holy Places of Islam and attaining Swaraj, the Congress launched the non-co-operation movement under Gandhiji's guidance, the parting of ways came for Mohamed Ali Jinnah. He was in full sympathy with all the causes and had fought courageously for them. But he was essentially a constitutionalist and a parliamentarian. The wearing of Khaddar, the boycott of courts and councils and seeking imprisonment did not appeal to him. Thus at the Nagpur session of the Congress in 1920 when the Non-Cooperation programme was approved, his was the solitary voice raised courageously in opposition however unjustified the opposition was. He thus subsequently explained his opposition: "It was not that he had not the greatest respect and reverence for Mr. Gandhi and the men who were working with him because he knew of what noble stuff they were made. He worked with them and was finally convinced of their noble and sacrificing spirit. He was proud of them and there were many more like them in India now. But he would tell them again—he might be right or he might be wrong—that the programme of Mahatma Gandhi was taking them to a wrong challenge." His reading of the situation in the country and his judgment of Gandhiji's programme were wrong. But though he differed from the Congress, he did not, like some other Indians, openly oppose it or in any way, betray the country's cause. He did not seek election to the Indian Legislative Assembly until the Congress permitted the Swarajist Party of Deshbandhu Das and Pandit Motilal Nehru to enter the legislatures. He then stood as an Independent for the Assembly and supporting his candidature we wrote: "If Mr. Jinnah does not belong to a party, the country has chosen him for one of its devoted and most loyal servants. ..... We have had our differences with Mr. Jinnah during the last two or three years. But if during this period he has not been in the thick of the fight alongside his former colleagues, he has also served the cause by his timely and patriotic reticence what time self-regarding and lesser men than he have either betrayed or neglected it. His brilliant past record, his sterling patriotism, his rare independence which no favour can buy nor any frown diminish, and, above all, his uncompromising fighting spirit mark him out as one worthier than any living citizen of Bombay to be its chosen representative". In the Assembly, though an Independent he worked shoulder to shoulder with the Swaraj Party and was a tower of strength to all popular causes.

In the meanwhile, the nearer the country advanced towards its goal, the acuter became the question of safeguards for the Muslim minority in a free India. Mr. Jinnah played a leading role in the negotiations for determining the measure and method of Muslim representation in the legislatures. A strange and tragic fatality, however, dogged these negotiations which on many an occasion broke down merely because one of the parties did not accept one seat less for itself or accede one seat more to the other. The result was disastrous to the country: for Mr. Jinnah's famous fourteen points gradually took the shape of a demand for Pakistan. This is not the occasion to dwell on how and why this happened. It is history which generations of Indians will read more in sorrow than indignation and will wonder how leadership in India failed to rise equal to the height of its great opportunity and settle the problem of the Muslim minority. This much one can say with certainty that while, in the earlier stages in the negotiations, Mr. Jinnah was, on some occasions, more right than wrong, he gradually developed an attitude of mind which made negotiations with him increasingly difficult. And he took an entirely wrong and disastrous position for Muslims as well as for the country when in 1940, through the League, he put forward the demand for the division of the country on the basis of the obnoxious two-nation theory. How a man, in whom Gokhale found that freedom from sectarian prejudice which would make him the best ambassador of Hindu-Muslim unity, could persuade himself to fly in the face of history and propound such a pernicious theory and thus become a willing instrument for the destruction of much that was best and noblest in Indian culture and civilization—a destruction of which we have been witnesses during the last three years—is an enigma which eludes satifactory explanation on the basis of frustrated personal ambition or facts of recent history. He succeeded in securing Pakistan. But his victory was a Pyrrhic one. It did not, as it could not, settle the problem of minorities. It brought untold sufferings and sacrifices to the people of both parts of divided India. For a brief moment there was a chance for averting the division of the country when he accepted the Cabinet Mission's scheme. Unfortunately, that chance was missed. Partition came and has now become a settled fact and no one in India wishes to be unsettled except with the willing consent of both parties. Kashmir and Hyderabad have prevented the development of friendly relations between the two States Pakistan has suffered an irreparable blow by the death of its founder. India fully shares its sorrows and sympathizes with it. This has been made amply clear by the communique issued by the Government of India and the messages sent to Miss Fatima Jinnah and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan by the Governor-General and the Prime Minister of India. In the hour of their great leader's death, their grief will naturally be their chief preoccupation. But may we suggest in all earnestness to those who now control the destiny of Pakistan that as soon as possible they make a gesture that will knit the two independent States into bonds of abiding friendship? Both have enormous internal problems to solve and they cannot satisfactorily solve them until the present state of tension yields place to friendly co-operation. If a proposal is made by the leaders of Pakistan for a permanent alliance of friendship with India providing for necessary machinery for settlement for all disputes and if this proposal is backed up by the acceptance of the United Nations Commission's "Cease Fire" resolution, we have no doubt the leaders of India will make an adequate and generous response and everything good will follow for both Pakistan and India.

"HUMBLE AND EXALTED SPIRIT"

N. Y. Times Review Of Gandhiji's Autobiography

NEW YORK, SEPT. 12. (REUTER): MAHATMA GANDHI'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY REVEALS A "HUMBLE, PURE AND EXALTED SPIRIT", STATES MR. VINCENT SHEEAN IN A "NEW YORK TIMES" REVIEW OF THE BOOK "THE STORY OF MY EXPERIMENTS WITH TRUTH", BY M. K. GANDHI.

The Mahatma's autobiography, which was translated from the original in Gujarati by Mr. Mahadev Desai, has been published for the first time in the United States.

Mr. Sheean's critique is given front-page prominence today in the book review section of the "New York Times" and carries an almost page-length photograph of Mahatma Gandhi with two of his disciples".

"It may seem, from a distance, that Mahatma Gandhi's life, ideas and creations were complex", comments Mr. Sheean.

"IT IS NOT SO. NEVER HAS THERE BEEN A MORE ABSOLUTE SIMPLICITY. WORLDLY PEOPLE ALWAYS BAFFLED BY GANDHI BECAUSE HE WAS TOO SIMPLE FOR THEM.

GANDHI AND SOCRATES

"I have found that when I study any of his acts or thoughts and have explored the complexities to their limits, I return every time to something so overwhelmingly simple that it goes beyond reason. Socrates, of course, did the same thing, but the 'INNER VOICE' ONLY TOLD SOCRATES WHAT NOT TO DO. IT TOLD GANDHI WHAT TO DO.

"The book now published will, we may hope, familiarise numerous Americans with his humble, pure and exalted spirit. It carries as frontipiece a photograph of what Mahatma Gandhi owned at the time of his death—sandles and spectacles, a book and a bowl, and not much else. Not much, but enough"

"India's Second Great Loss"

ALEXANDRIA: Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, said: "We have lost in Mr. Jinnah one of the greatest Muslim leaders in the world. His name will for ever remain associated with the independence of the sub-continent and with the creation of Pakistan.

It is a heavy loss, but we have great faith in the resurrection of Muslim India, and the future of Pakistan. "Mr. Jinnah's death is India's second great loss in a year—the other being the death of Mahatma Gandhi.

U.N. ASSEMBLY SESSION IN PARIS

WILL IT TURN OUT TO BE MERELY AN INTERNATIONAL TALK-SHOP?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON—I have just returned from a flying visit to Paris where the first function in connection with the forthcoming session of the U. N. Assembly took place. The function was brief but colourful. It marked the temporary relinquishment of sovereignty by France over the small enclave on a high hill overlooking the Sein River, where the U. N. Assembly will meet for three months as at present arranged. A golden key to the Palais de Chaillot, built in 1937, where the world's biggest international organisation will hold its deliberation, was presented to Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary-General, by France's new Premier Robert Schuman. Recalling Paris's historic past, Mr. Schuman observed that the French capital was predestined to receive the international institution which was the basis of the new world. "We Europeans", he said, "resign ourselves to the shift in the centre of gravity of world politics. But we know also that nothing durable can be built unless Governments know how to profit from the lessons of the past."

The Assembly will meet in on Sept. 21 and is not likely to disperse before Christmas. No less than 500 journalists from all parts of the world will cover the session. Many controversial subjects will come up before it for deliberation and decision. Tempers will at times become frayed, bricks will fly about, buckets of mud will be flung. There will be enough fireworks for those who relish such spectacles. But what the common man wants to know whether the proceedings of the Assembly will lessen the risk of war and carry the world farther on the road to peaceful advance.

The powers of the Assembly for doing good or evil are very limited. It cannot act. Its function is confined to making recommendations. "Recommendation is the right world", as is pointed out in the Guide to the United Nations Charter, an official U.N.O. publication, "for the conclusions of the General Assembly of the United Nations in a world of sovereign states could rate no higher than advice or opinion". Only the Security Council, which effectively holds executive power, can act though the Security Council consists of eleven members, no decision can be taken unless each and every one of Permanent members (U.S.A., Britain, U.S.S.R., China and France) agree. And then it is open to any of the Big Powers to veto the decisions of the Security Council—a complete departure from the principle of the sovereign equality of the peace-loving states, large and small. This has, indeed, reduced the utility of the Assembly and reduced it to the position of a talk-shop. Many consider it a farce and fraud and pray for its early demise. Undoubtedly the Assembly has not put up a good show so far as the discharge of its obligations for maintainance of just peace are concerned.

It will have to be conceded that the U.N.O. has failed to satisfy in its power of doing good is on the verge of vanishing, if it has not already vanished. Yet one should not think of scrapping it. That will be the way of depair. What should be done is to strength its potentialities for doing good. It is true this largely rests on the will and whims of the three Big Powers, U.S.A., U.S.S.R. and Britain. But it is inconceivable that even the Big Powers would tightly ride roughshod over the decisions of the Assembly if the small powers would express themselves vigourously and make it clear that they would not allow themselves to be the stooges of the Big Powers.

It is not entirely without advantage that the Assembly is meeting in Paris. A change of air from dubiously christened Lake Success, is bound to do good. The American air of late has been more heavily charged than the European air in spite of Berlin rumpus. Besides, the members will be meeting very close to Germany, the seat of mischief. This might give a touch of reality to the deliberations of the August Assembly. Germany is a stick of dynamic which, if it explodes, will involve many countries who have had no say in the matter. There is a move to get the Germans at the Paris meeting. It is expected that the Germans from the west, now meeting at Bonn, will ask that they should be giving a hearing at the U.N.O. Assembly. If their request is granted, it would be difficult to reject a similar request if made by the Germans in the Soviet section. If this move does not materialise, a group of members propose to ask that the Berlin question, obviously a threat to peace, be brought up before the Security Council. But the chances at present are that the Berlin issue will be settled, temporarily at least, before the General Assembly meets. Then Russia might veto a German discussionor France may be reluctant to face an inquest on her occupation policy or even America and Britain may refuse to cede a little of their authority. In any way, nothing will be lost if the members make a determined attempt to bring Germany on the agenda.

Nizam's Move

Problems from the four corners of the world will beset the gathering. Palestine, the Danube, Italian colonies and India will be in the picture. There will be discussion on all angles resulting from peace treaties and no peace treaties. There will be the usual lobbying and trickery. On merits Hyderabad can have no hearing. But things are not entirely discussed on merit. Besides, there is a tendency on the part of certain countries to support a small country against a big country even if it is wrong. They draw pleasure from seeing a naughty little fellow trying to kick his elder. But even then it is inconceivable that U.N.O. will directly or indirectly give encouragement to militant mischief makers in the Nizam's dominion.

Let us hope that meeting beneath the Eiffel Tower the General Assembly will be able to conduct its affairs in a manner that will go a long way to rekindle the world's hope in its power to keep the lamps of peace burning.

WHAT JINNAH TOLD SARAT BOSE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 12. (A.P.I.): The news of the passing away of Mr. Jinnah which reached Calcutta at about 2/15 this morning is front-paged in the Calcutta Press with streamer headings and photographs of the departed leader.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, in a tribute said that Mr. Jinnah was great as a lawyer once great as a Congressman great as a leader of the Muslims great as a world politician and diplomat, and greatest of all as a man of action.

Mr. Bose added "In the presence of death all controversies are hushed and though I have had my differences with him and sometimes they were very serious I shall not prefer to them now.

"But in justice to him I must disclose that in June 1947, he agreed in his conversations with me in New Delhi to Bengal remaining united and becoming independent with a Constituent Assembly of her own to decide to which Union she would accede."

Mr. Bose said that by Mr. Jinnah's passing away the Muslim world had lost one of its greatest statesmen and Pakistan its life-giver, philosopher and guide.

HYDERABAD CONSEMBLY TO BE SUMMONED SHORTLY

The Constituent Assembly of Hyderabad will shorty be summoned to frame a constitution for the State. This was announced by the Deputy Prime Minister Mr. Pingle Venkatrama Reddy Leader of the House at the session of the State Assembly yesterday. A 'Firman' would be issued shortly in this connection he added.

The State Assembly adjourned 'sine die'.

NIZAM'S STRATEGIC MOVES

HYDERABAD, Sept. 12. (U.P.I.): Following the decision of the Government of India to post Indian troops in Secunderabad Nizam's Government has posted military guards on four strategic pounts around Secunderabad and Hyderabad and all other necessary measures have been taken to prevent arrival of Indian troops there.

Addressing a public meeting today, Syed Qasin Razvi the Razakar leader said that Hyderabad could face any calamity that might befall her. He exhorted the Muslims to maintain their morale and assured the Hindus that if they remained loyal and peaceful he would himself shoulder the responsibility of the protection.

"Hyderabad is prepared to face any eventually" was the comment of another Razakar leader Abdul Khair Secretary of the Ittehal-ilMuslimeen on the decision of the Government of India to post troops in Secunderabad.

NIZAM'S POLICE HAVE ITALIAN STENGUN

VIJAYAWADA Sept. 12 (U.P.I): Latest types of stenguns of Italian make are found among the arms seized from the Nizam's police at Nallabanguden by the Border Police.

This was revealed by Mr. V. Subbaroyan D.I.G. Narthern Range who was in charge of operations to chase away the Nizam's troops from the border on September 6 in an interview to the press.

It is reported that the Nizam's State villagers who had evacuated to the Union limits, are now returning to the villagers. It is further stated that Mr. K. Narayan Rao, State Congress leader, hoisted the Union Flag at Kodada on September 8 and the villagers expressed their gratitude to the Union Government at a public meeting for liberating them from the Razakars.

RISING TEMPO OF RAZAKAR ATROCITIES

SHOLAPUR, Sept. 12, (U.P.I): Following Pandit Nehru's declaration that Indian troops would march to Secunderabad for maintenance of law and order inside the Hyderabad State increasing attacks have been made by the Razakars on Indian territory. According to latest reports received here, the Razakars made Bolur Kotagyal and several other villages as their main target and killed large number of non-Muslim including women and children. A number of houses were also burnt and few persons thrown into the burning houses.

One report says that Rewappa, a peasant leader from Bolur who was trying to come to Indian territory for shelter was caught by the Razakars and taken to Kamlapur where he is stated to have been hanged publicly.

Similar reports have been received from another village Udgir

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Joint Examination Board

The Bombay Government's Bill to establish a Secondary School Certificate Examination Board, as it had emerged from the School Committee, was accepted by the Legislative Assembly with hardly any opposition. The severe criticism of the Bill at the last meeting of the Bombay University Senate was little evident in the Assembly, which shows how wide is the gulf at present between the University and the legislature. It seems that the University took a rather narrow view of the essentials of secondary education. Assuming, without adequate justification, that the educational needs of the secondary students proceeding to the University must necessarily be different from those who wish to begin life after their high school education, the University concluded that the different needs are too incompatible to admit of one examination for both classes of students. But the public rightly believe that so much is common to the needs of the classes, at least at the secondary stage, that their interests are best served by one examination with a sufficient number of optional subjects to suit different aptitudes and requirements.

University's Cooperation

However, the controversy between the Government and the University turned less on the principle of one joint examination than on the representation of the University on the proposed Joint Board and on its right to hold a separate examination. The Select Committee raised the University representation from 25 to 33 per cent but the Assembly has refused to raise the percentage higher. As regards the University's right to hold an examination of its own, that would defeat the very purpose of the Bill. The Assembly has, therefore, contented itself with accepting the recommendation of the Select Committee to allow the University to hold its own examination in certain special cases with the permission of the Government. The University has done well to assure Government of its co-operation in the establishment of the Joint Board and in the conduct of the new examination. In particular, the University has agreed to recognise the new examination for entry into the University Colleges provided the candidates pass in certain subjects and obtain certain percentage of marks. The success of the new scheme now depends most on the nature of the new examination and the terms on which it is recognised by the University. Examinations are believed by many educationists to have done more harm than good but they cannot be entirely dispensed with. We trust the various interests to be represented in the proposed Board will devise a model scheme of examination which will promote the best interests of secondary education.

Mahasabha's New Garb

Reports have been current for some time past that the Hindu Mahasabha is going to change its constitution so as to shed its communal character, but no definite changes have been decided upon so far. It is now reported that two alternative suggestions will be considered by the Working Committee of the Mahasabha at its meeting in October next. According to one proposal, it is said a "Hindu" will, under the changed constitution, include all persons who regard India as their Motherland and believe that all sections of the people of this country, irrespective of religion, constitute a nation. It is right to include in an Indian political institution only those Indians who believe that they belong to one nation, irrespective of their religion. But to twist the very meaning of the term "Hindu" so as to mislead many is, to our mind, practicing a deception, knowing that many will be deceived. If all those who regard India as their motherland, can join the Mahasabha, why not straightforwardly call it Indian Mahasabha? The other suggestion is that the present definition of the word "Hindu" is to be retained but that a new class of associate membership is to be created for non-Hindus who regard India as their motherland. If the privileges of associate members are fewer than those of Hindus, the communal character of the Mahasabha remains. If otherwise, it is anomalous and misleading to call a cosmopolitan body "Hindu".

And New Programme

More important are the policy and programme of the reconstituted Mahasabha. We are told that, among the principal aims and objects, are the establishment of Akhand Hindustan and to evolve a democratic and Federal State with the largest possible measure of autonomy and responsibility to the provinces. We need not discuss these aims till we know how the ideal of Akhand Hindustan is proposed to be achieved and the nature of the federation between India and Pakistan. As regards the programme, we are told that the Mahasabha envisages the development of India as a non-communal, democratic and socialist state and "the establishment of a new social order in which all its nationals would be assured of full freedom of thought, expression, association and worship and equality of status and opportunity". The trend towards a non-communal and socialist state is most welcome. But it is difficult to say how the new objectives of the Mahasabha are different from those of The Congress or the Socialist Party. However we shall await with interest the decisions of the Mahasabha's Working Committee on the new proposed constitution and programme.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENTS

CAPETOWN, Sept. 11.—The South African Government's Department of Interior in a statement about the confiscation of Dr. Y. M. Dadoo's passport at the airport last night, declared today: "It was understood that Dr. Dadoo and Dr. Naicker intended to proceed to Paris by air on September 17. As both these men are active Communistic agitators and also because of their record of persistent law-breaking and their un-South-African activities both at home and abroad the Government were not prepared to accord them the privileges and protection of Union passports and thus facilitate further the prosecution of their un-South-African activities abroad.

—Reuter.

* * *

Swift developments, says a New Delhi message, are expected to follow the Nizam's rejection of the Government of India's proposal asking for facilities to post Indian troops in Secunderabad.

Whatever these developments may be or are, we hope the Government of India will not react to this rejection retaliatively but will give all facilities for "leaders" of Hyderabad to march away and post themselves abroad.

* * *

In a statement criticising and profoundly deploring the Nizam's attitude, the Nawab of Rampur says: "The writing is on the wall for anybody who has eyes to see...."

But the trouble is that the masses of Hyderabad haven't got eyes to see the wall itself.

* * *

Pandit Vinayak Rao, the Hyderabad lawyer, who in a statement had refuted the Hyderabad Premier's assertions that there was no insecurity of life in Hyderabad State, was arrested by the Nizam's police under the defence of Hyderabad Rules - API.

Good. Let there be no mistake about the action taken by the Nizam's police and Government. It isn't by way of punishment to Mr Vinayak Rao but as a very helpful corroboration by visible and tangible proof of the lawyer's statement.

We hope the Hyderabad Government's gesture of support and co-operation will be taken due and adequate notice of at the proper time.

* * *

CAIRO: Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League today denied any suggestion that the League intended to recognise Hyderabad's independence.

This only means that the Arab League is lucky enough neither to be advised by Sir Walter Monckton nor to be led by Syed Kasim Razvi.

* * *

Addressing Indian cadets at Dehra Dun the other day, the Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, said that nothing could separate Kashmir from India.

This is not sportsmanship of the best type towards opponents. We mean to say, Sardar Baldev Singh shouldn't have insinuated that he doesn't regard Chaudhry Ghulam Abbas and Sardar Ibrahim Khan even as a "thing."

* * *

"India's stand on the Kashmir issue", Sardar Baldev Singh said further, "has been clearly vindicated."

This is more than unsportsmanship. In fact, it is an unprovoked insult and a clear challenge to Mr Warren Austen (U.S.A.) and Mr Philip Noel-Baker (U.K.) to say nothing of Mr. Faris El-Khoury (Syria) and Mr What's His Name (Argentine).

* * *

At a crowded meeting held under the auspices of the Congress at Amritsar and presided over by Sardar Udham Singh Nagoke, M.L.A., a pledge, we note, was given to support the Central Government to sacrifice their all for the defence of the country and to maintain peace and order.

But it is not yet known how Master Tara Singh, who has declined Sardar Vallabhbhai's recent invitation, will react to this one by Jathedar Udham Singh Nagoke.

* * *

According to a press report, the Muslim League Party in the Bombay Corporation has formally wound itself up and its members have organised themselves into a non-communal party which will be known as "Peoples Party" and whose membership will be open to all.

It has, however, not been further explained that the Party will be based on the theory of a two-nations people.

OPEN AIR

I was asked the other day whether all the birds, insects and plants of which I write could be seen in Bombay, or whether I wrote of foreign things! I should like to assure my readers that with very few exceptions I have so far written only of things seen in my home and garden in Bandra, a suburb of Bombay, and that everyone lucky enough in these days of housing shortage, to possess a garden or to live within reach of a public garden, will be able, if interested, to see the same things. Today's find in my garden was a number of Berry Bugs, of which there are many varieties in India, varying in colour from pale grey or brown to red and metallic green, and in size from about an eighth of an inch to one inch. Berry Bugs feed on the juices of plants which they suck up through a tube rather like a beak from leaves and young tender stems. These insects have two pairs of wings which overlap each other, thus, distinguishing them from members of the beetle family in which the wingcases meet in a line down the middle of the back. They change their skins many times as they develop, actual growth taking place only at the time of these changes of skin.

D.R.

DAVINDER MEETS LEWIS IN FINAL

Mugwe And Ullal Beat Bengal Pair In W. I. Badminton

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Sunday was a bad day for the spectators in the Western India Badminton. Only one of the nine matches on the programme went into the decider and even that did not produce the brilliant standard of badminton which a spectator might justly anticipate in the quarter-final stage. As a rule the losers succumbed without a fight and the games were devoid of keenness in rivalry and closeness in finish.

The lone hand of Rangnekar proved to be far too inadequate to pull the team out of their engagement with Merchant and Kalyanpur who now meet Ferreira and Shroff in the semi-finals. Rangnekar offered hardly and fight at all. But it must be conceded that all lone resistance on his part was almost foredestined to be futile as the winners combined quite splendidly and hardly left a gap in their defence. On the other hand Ruia was much too weak a link on the court to be hidden successfully and proved to be the deciding factor in the match.

In another-quarter-final Mugwe and Ullal disposed of the Bengal combination of Guha and Bose with more ease than the scores would indicate. Ullal combined well with Mugwe, but together they had little to do by which the effectiveness of their combination can be measured. Neither Guha nor Bose succeeded in getting past Mugwe at the nets without paying the usual heavy toll.

The only match that went into the decider was the tie between Madgavkar and Kalappa and Shroff and Ferreira. The honours of the match rest definitely with Madgavkar who brought every stroke in the game save the drive into force and had his opponents on the run on quite a few occasions. Kalappa afforded him splendid support, but their opponents found time to wake from their lethargy in the first and the second sets and although they caught up with them on both the occasions they could not bag the second set. The decider saw the new factor of determination introduced into the winners' games and the scores reveal the extent to which they played a deciding part.

The results of all the four semi-finals of the singles event might be said to have been determined even before a point was played. The formality of match-play revealed nothing and upset nothing Davinder Mohan took some time to settle down against Delhi's Charanjit and in doing so conceded ten points to his opponent. Once he had found his control over the shuttle Charanjit was left to pick up three points in the second set.

Though aging Lewis once again proved that he is still not defeated by any player less than first rate And First rate Ferreira never was against the George Lewis. The first game saw the complete eclipse of the Bombay player and if he was able to collect nine points in the decider, it was largely due to the lack of energy which forced the winner to drop a few points.

Miss Chinoy once again qualified to Mrs. Lewis in the final of the ladies' singles event, the former accounting for Mrs. K. Shete and the latter Miss H. N. Dubash. Both the victories were gained without undue exertion on the part of the winners.

Perhaps the only upset of the day was provided by the first match on the programme when V. Bhat eliminated M. L. Apte from the semi-finals of the juniors' boys' singles event, thus reversing the C.C.I. verdict. In the second game when Apte was leading 13-5 it appeared as though the match would end at the third set, but thereafter Bhat went on to win the game and the match without conceding another point.

The results:

JUNIOR BOYS' SINGLES
(Semi-finals)

V. Bhat beat M. L. Apte 15-2, 18-13
R. D. Vimawalla beat N. J. Narvekar 15-0, 15-8

MEN'S SINGLES
(Semi-finals)

Davinder Mohan beat J. Charanjit 15-10, 15-3.
G. Lewis beat H. Ferreira 15-3, 15-9.

LADIES' SINGLES
(Semi-finals)

Mrs. N. Lewis beat Miss H. N. Dubash 11-2, 11-2.

Miss M. R. Chinoy beat Mrs. K. Shete 11-2, 11-1

MEN'S DOUBLES
(Quarter-finals)

G. S. Kalyanpur and C. P. Merchant beat S. R. Ruia and K. M. Rangnekar 15-7, 15-8; B. V. Ullal and D. G. Mugwe beat M. Guha and S. Bose 15-6, 15-7; H. Ferreira and B. D. Shroff beat V. A. Madgavkar and C. B. Kalappa 18-16, 16-18, 15-9.

MONDAY'S MATCHES

5-30 p.m. Junior Girls' Final: Miss R. Vimadalal vs. Miss S. H. Vakeel, followed by: Ladies Doubles Semi-finals: Miss M. R. Chinoy and Mrs N. Lewis vs. Mrs. Pradhan and Mrs. K. Shirodkar, followed by: Miss H. N. Dubash and Mis S. Moloobhoy vs Miss B. Farias and Mrs. P. Athaide, followed by Men's Doubles Semi-finals: G. A. Kalyanpur and C. P. Merchant vs. H. Ferreira and B. D. Shroff, followed by: B. V. Ullal and D. G Mugwe vs. G. Lewis and Devinder Mohan.

BOCARRO LOSES TO SHROFF

Khan And Patkar Surprised In Provincial T.T.

BOMBAY, Sunday:

A very heavy programme of matches was gone through today in the Provincial Table Tennis Tournaments played at the C.C.I. Badminton Courts There were minor upsets both in the morning as well as the evening session. Miss Rhoda Shroff this morning defeated Miss Enid Bocarro in five gruelling games in which the latter after leading 19-12 in the deciding game lost the match

D. H. Kapadia partnering his sister Mrs. Ratty Kanga after overcoming a strong combination in K. S. Cooper and Mrs. Meera Gajendrasingh in the second round of the Mixed doubles went down to Vittal and Miss Rhoda Shroff in four games in the quater-final round. Probably the greatest surprise of the evening was the surprise victory of the Abraham Brothers over Khan and Patkar in three fast and thrilling games. Having won the toss the losers unfortunately did not exercise the right of forcing the opponents to change the combination after ten points in the last game. Had they done so they would in all probability have survived the round.

In the Men's Singles matches that were played this evening, R. B. Desai made Khanchand fight every inch of the five games, and gave the wellknown player agreat shaking which rather unnerved him is not plowing down his usually fast game.

C. G. Velkar and B. S. Cooper attracted a lot of attention, when in their matches against more fancied opponents in K. N. S. Narayanan and Ranvir Khatau respectively, they got the better of them by purely defening and letting their opponents doing the mistakes.

TODAY'S MATCHES

5 p.m. Quarter-finals of Junior's Singles.
5-30 p.m. Semi-finals of Women's Doubles.
6 p.m. Sixth Round of Men's Singles
7-30 pm. Third Round of Men's Doubles.

WATER POLO LEAGUE

P. M. Baths 'A' Beat Golwalla 'A'

BOMBAY, Sunday:

In the Senior Dharampur Water Polo League P. M. Hindu Bath 'A' beat the Golvala 'A' by three goals to one.

Golvala were the first to score through Shroff in the first half a minute before the breather.

P. M. Bath equalised soon after the restart Morarji scoring off a scrimmage that ensued after Ratanshi's shot rebounded from the bar. Hindu scored two goals more through Ashar and Ratanshi

In the Junior Division encounter Golvala 'B' trounced the Maccabi 'C' by 6 goals to nil. The scorers were Talbot 3. A. Lan 2 and A. Unwalla 1

Golvala 'C' were given a walk over by Cathedral Old Boys.

Maccabi 'B' ran out victors against Cusrow Baug by the margin of 7 goals to one the main feature of the match was a hat-trick by Zirrilli. The scorrers were Zirrilli 4 Zilka 2 and Elizer 1 for the winners and Kapadia for Cusrow Baug.

Featherweight Champion Wins Non-Title Bout

NEW YORK, September 11 (UPA): Pepp today won an unanimous non-Peff today won and unanimous non-title decision over Paddy Demarco, young roughouse lightweight from Brooklyn, after 10 rounds of the wildest browling ever witnessed in Madison Square Garden. The battlers did everything except use their teeth as the crowd cheered the melee.

Pepp has not been beaten in 71 straight fights.

M. U. C. GOLD CUP HOCKEY

MADRAS Sept 11 (API): The Hindustan Aircraft from Bangalore entered the Quarter-final of the M.U.C. Gold Cup Hockey Tournament today when they defeated the M. and S. M Railway by two goals to nil. The Tournament is now entering the Quarter-final stage.

R

For making false entries on a Cloth Registration Sheet, misappropriation of cloth, offering illegal gratification to a Rationing Inspector and issuing excess cloth to their customers on Cloth Registration Sheet without the production of relevant foodgrains cards Rs. 1,000 have been ordered to be forfeited to the Government from the deposit of Messrs. LOKMANYA VASTRA BHANDAR, Ex-Rationed Cloth Distributor No. B/166 Teju Kaya Bldg., 456 Supari Baug Road, Lalbaug.

R

The foodgrains ration quantum and the maximum proportions prescribed for different cereals in the Greater Bombay rationed area, for the week commencing from September 12 to September 18, remain the same as during the previous week.

Zonal Final Again Drawn

BOMBAY, Sunday

SOUTH INDIA	0
GOA	0

The determination of both the sides in the final of the Zonal Football Tournament not to arrive at a decision was admirably kept this evening when after four full hours' play not only was the match drawn again but neither side had scored.

An improved display by the intermediate line of the rivals was responsible for the lack of opportunities for scoring in this evening's game Otherwise the match was played all over again almost complete with details.

Once again hesitation and weak marksmanship had its say in the final results. Fenelon Almeida and Menezes for the Goans had excellent opportunities for scoring but neither was accurate with his shot and the scoreboard remained blank.

For South India Kuppuswamy, well placed in the second half, failed to take advantage of the opportunity and lost the opportunity of what have been a decider.

This South India-Goa match which has not produced any result after four meetings has certainly increased the balance of the W.I.F.A. and the fifth encounter is already assured of a capacity crowd.

MONDAY'S MATCH

Combined III Division vs. Firestone's (Replay).

ST. XAVIER'S "A" BEAT B. E. S. T.

Parel Soccer

BOMBAY Sunday:

In an exciting encounter B.E.S.T. were beaten by St. Xavier's College "A" by two goals to one in the first Division of the Indian League Football Tournament on the St Xavier's College Ground Parel this evening. Both sides had and equal share of exchanges but St. Xavier's scored first off a penalty through Marcus who converted the spot

The College crossed over with a goal lead but Savant soon scored the equaliser ten minutes after resumption collecting the ball a few yards from the goal mouth and beating the rival custodian all ends up

The Xavierites however scored the winning goal when Williams took a long range shot off a pass from Jacob which found the roof of the ne

MONDAY'S MATCHES

St. Xavier's Ground Parel

4-40 p.m. Lever S. C. vs Young Labour

5-40 p.m. St. Xavier's 'A' vs Indian Culture 'A'

KARNATAK LEAGUE

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Two matches were played in the Karnatak League conducted by the Karnatak Sporting Association on Saturday at Oval and following are the results:

Students Union 0, Kanara Bros 0

Shree Krishna F C 3 (Janakiram, Yellappa and Keshav), Satya Vijay S.C. 0.

ASHOK CUP

Karnatak School "A" and Bombay Fort School "A" were qualified for Semi-final in the Ashok Cup Football Tournament when four second round matches were decided on Sunday at Oval and Cooperage.

The following are the results:

Karnatak School "A" 3 (Sunder, Shetty and K. G. Bangera), Mogavera School "B" 1 (Ramanand).

Mother India School "A" 0, Mogaveera School "C" 0.

Bombay Fort School "A" 2 (Shama Shetty and K. Bangera), Mogaveera School "A" 3 (P. T. Kotian and C.C. Karkera) Karnatak School "B" 0.

KANGA LEAGUE CRICKET

Dickinson's Fine Century

BOMBAY, Sunday:

A brilliant century by Dickson, who scored 168 enabled Bombay Gymkhana to record a victory over Bandra Gymkhana, and good batting performance by M. K. Mantri, who remained not out with 73 to his credit combined with another excellent bowling performance by K. K. Tarapore, enabled C.C.I. to register a win over the Fort Vijay S.C., who were assisted by India's Test Captain V. M. Merchant who scored 32 and captured 4 wickets for 53 runs for the losers.

The best all round performance was given by Rajkotwalla who playing for Dadar Parsi Colony S.C. routed the Brothers' Club twice in one day by taking 15 wickets for 79 runs in both the innngs and he also helped his side in batting by knocking up a useful 43 runs. The Dadar Parsi Colony, S.C. won the match outright.

The following are the results:—

AT THE BRABOURNE STADIUM

C.C.I. 127 for 6 (M.K. Mantri not out 73 V M Merchant 4 for 53) BEAT FORT VIJAY C C. 121 (V. M. Merchant 32 K. K. Tarapore 6 for 51 K K. Santana 3 for 46.)

AT THE AZAD MAIDAN

NATIONAL C C 210 for 7 (Y Satham 50 K S Phansalkar 46 D Medh 40, Govadia 3 for 42). BEAT PARSEE CYCLISTS S. C. 92 (M. M. Dadachanji 39, S. L Patil 5 for 26 J N Koli 2 for 6)

YOUNG ZORASTRIAN C. C. 224 for 6 declared. (P. R. Umrigar 92, M. D. Irani 36 V M Kothare 4 for 64.) BEAT PRABHU YOUNG CRICKETERS 72 (V. V. Kothare 26 D. Mowdawala 3 for 12, J. Unvala 3 for 22, P.R. Umrigar 2 for 10).

BARONET C. C. 136 for 9 declared (B. E. Kapadia 33, K. K Irani 29, Z. Reshamwala 6 for 58) BEAT BOHRA CRICKETERS 80 (S Heptullah 41 E B Gai 4 for 34, P. D Madon 3 for 8 B R Irani 3 for 32) and 56 (E.B. Gai 5 for 18, B. R. Irani 4 for 26.

YOUNG MAHARASHTRIANS 137 for 7 (J. J. Kore 45 G. Nanaik 32 not out M. M. Dalvi 3 for 32) BEAT GOWD SARASWAT S C. 106 (F. D. Telang 30, G Nanaik 6 for 29).

AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA

BOMBAY GYMKHANA 265 for 7 P. Dickinson 158) beat BANDRA GYMKHANA 175 (Tolly Fernandes 66).

AT THE KENNEDY SEAFACE

PARSEE GYMKHANA got a walk-over NEW SOCIAL S.C.

ISLAM GYMKHANA vs. JOLLY CRICKETERS match has been postponed owing to the death of Mr. Jinnah.

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA 201 (R. V. Bhajekar 44, M. S. Gurtu 37, B.E Mistri 4 for 37) beat NAVROZE C C. 92 (F. P. Ghandi 35, C. R. Anarkat 5 for 15) and 64 (K H Jobanputra 7 for 22)

AT THE CROSS MAIDAN

FRIENDS UNION S. C. 166 (Yusuf 51 I. V. Shah 6 for 56) beat GHATKOPAR JOLLY C C. 101 (Bhuvad 30).

AT DADAR

DADAR PARSI COLONY S.C. 42 (J. C. Roach 4 for 14, S B Mehta 3 for 18) and 130 for 4 (Rajkotwalla 43) beat BROTHERS CLUB 56 (Rajkotwalla 8 for 26) and 94 (Rajkotwalla 7 for 53).

DADAR SPORTING UNION 140 (Shankar 46) and 16 for 1 beat CATHOLIC GYMKHANA 31 (V. R. Amladi 5 for 24, Shankar 5 for 7) and 128 (C. Fernandes 42, S. R. Arolkar 42).

Bradman Bids Goodye To Big Cricket

REMARKABLE RECORD IN 21 YEARS OF GAME

LONDON, September 12 (Reuter): Donald George Bradman, bowler's enemy number one, said goodbye to big cricket in the same way as he said hellow 21 years ago.

In December 1927 as a 19-year-old boy from Cootamundra a small up country township in New South-Wales he signalised his entry into first class cricket by scoring 188 for his state against Queensland. At just over 40 the same player. Having become one of the greatest run makers in the game, marked his farewell appearance in important cricket with an innings of 153 against H. G. D. Leveson Gower's team at Scarborough.

It was his third century in his last three innings—a grant finish to a glorious career.

During 21 years Bradman rose to a pinnacle of fame equalled by few men in cricket history. He broke nearly every existing batting record and in doing so brought a new outlook into cricket.

To him a century became only a milestone towards a second which, in turn was another stage on the way to a third. This season he made 11 centuries and scored 2,428 runs for an average of 89.92 to top the Australian Touring Team's batting averages.

His full record in first-class cricket is 334 innings, 43 not-outs 27,851 runs, 452 not-out highest score, 116 centuries, average 95.67— a remarkable record over such a long period.

Nineteen of Bradman's 29 centuries scored in 52 test match appearances were against England. His 452 not-out for New South Wales against Queensland, at Sydney in the 1929-30 season, is the world's highest individual score.

POONA FOOTBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

POONA, Sept 12:

Friends:' XI won The City Football Championship by defeating The Engineering College by three goals to one in The City Football Tournament organised by The Maharashtra Football Federation

Gabriel, Limaye and Deshpande scored for the winners and Mr. Raithurkar reduced the margin for the Collegians.

Principal, B. B. Sarkar President of the M. F. F. kindly presided and gave away the prizes

ARAB GOVERNMENT FOR PALESTINE

CAIRO, Sept. 12 (UPI): The Political Section of the Arab League has decided to set up an Arab Government for Palestine without further delay.

RAZAKARS AFRAID OF KISAN DALS

MADRAS, Sept. 12, (U.P.I.):

A bulletin issued by the Hyderabad State Congress Central Office, Madras mentions a report from Parkal in the Karimnagar District which says that already 40 villages in the Taluka have been isolated and practically there are no signs of the Nizam's "Fascist Government" in these areas

According to the bulletin in the course of one of the tour in the Nanded District Mr Yamin Zuberi Ittehad Minister is reported to have said to the Razakars: "I am ashamed to see you terror-stricken. I have learnt just now that the Razakars of Khamdar Shariff vacated the town due to the fear of the State Congress Kisan Dals. I am at a loss to understand how these cowards can claim to be Muslims."

FREEDOM OF PRESS IN BRITAIN

Journalists Demand Council Of Six With Independent Chairman

MANCHESTER, Sept. 12 (Reuter): A special delegate meeting of the National Union of Journalists—representing the majority of British journalists—yesterday passed a resolution favouring the establishment of a Press Council to "maintain and extend the freedom of the press and the exercise of independent judgment by editors".

The resolution thought such a Council should be composed of six representatives of the Journalists' Trade Unions and an independent chairman appointed by the Lord Chief Justice.

It asked for the promotion of high standards in the country of newspapers, public exposure of distortion and suppression of news and other malpractices and the reporting of developments in the ownership and conduct of the Press.

Russian Planes Over Danish Island

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 11 (UPA): A large number of Russian planes today flew over the Island of Bornholm violating Danish territory, the newspaper "Expressen" reported from Malmoe.

About 65 planes and a large number of bombers thundered low over Roenne, the biggest town on the island, the newspaper said.

HUNGARY REJECTS YUGOSLAV PROTEST

BUDAPEST, Sept. 11. (Reuter): Hungary to-day sent a note to Yugoslavia rejecting charges of "interference" in Yugoslavia's internal affairs since the Cominform resolution condemning Marshall Tito.

The Yugoslav protest to Hungary was delivered on August 27 shortly after a similar note to Rumania.

Hungary was accused of conducting a press and radio campaign "incompatible with the clauses of the treaty of friendship and mutual aid between the two countries", and interfering with Yugoslav internal affairs.

NEW CABINET FOR BURMA

RANGOON, Sept. 12. (U. P. I.): The personnel of the new Burma Cabinet has been announced. Thakin Nu, will be the Prime Minister and Minister in charge of Defence and Home Affairs. Kyaw Neyen (Socialist) will be the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Others are: Hu Tin, Minister for Finance and Revenue (Non-Party-, Sai Qhun Kie, Minister for Shan State (Shan), Sima Duwa Sinwa Nawang, Minister for Kachin State (Kachin), Sae Wunna, Minister for Karenni State (Karenni), U. Vam Thu Maung, Minister for Chin Affairs (Chin), U Ba Gyan, Minister for Judicial Affairs (Non-Party), Thakin Tun, (Socialist), Minister for Agriculture and Forest. Mahn Win Maung (Karen Youth League), Minister for Transport and Communications, U Nu Nye Tun (Non-Party), Minister for Arakan Affairs, Ba Sein Hman (A. F. P. F. L. and Yelow Band PVO), Minister Without Portfolio, U. Hteen Myint (Shan State Freedom League). Minister without Portfolio, Mhn Ba Saing, (Karan Youth League) nister for Karan Affairs, U Ohm, Minister for Commerce and Supply, U Win. (Socialist), the present Ambassador for Burma in India, in India, Minister for Education, U Kyaw Myu Myint (Socialist), Minister for National Planning, U Tu N Pe (Non-Party), Minister for Information. Bo Hle Aye, Social Service Minister, Thakin Lwin (Socialist), Minister for Labour, and Bo Hmu Aung, Vice-President of the A.F.P.F.L. and head of the Yellow Band PVO, Minister without Portfolio.

Bo Hmu Aumg has been included, it is stated, to make the Cabinet more representative and broad-based while the rest are all members of the outgoing Cabinet.

NEW KOREAN GOVERNMENT

MOSCOW, Sept, 2, (Reuter): The "Supreme National Assembly for Korea" meeting in the Soviet-occupied northern half of the country has unanimously approved a new Korean Government with Kim Ir Sen as Prime Minister Tass the official Soviet News Agency said today.

Kim Ir Sen, his Foreign Minister, Pak Hen Yen and seven other ministers are members of the Working Peoples Party of Northern Korea, and three Ministers are members of the Working Peoples Party of Southern (American-occupied) Korea. Six other ministers also come from Southern Korea

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 11, (Reuter): A Hyderabad radio report that King Farouk of Egypt had promised the Nizam "full support" for a struggle against the Indian Union, was not confirmed in responsible Egyptian Government quarters tonight.

It was stated that as a result of current talks between Pakistan Finance Minister Ghulam Mahommed, and Premier Nokrashy Pasha and other Arab leaders, Arab League member-States expressed sympathy for Hyderabad and at her request promised to support her case if it is raised at the United Nations.

Reports that Egypt or other Muslim countries had promised Hyderabad material support, were discounted here, as Arab countries are at present fully preoccupied with Palestine.

DALMIA MEETS BEVERIDGE

LUXEMBOURG, Sept. 12 (Reuter): Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia, head of the Indian delegation to the International Congress for World Government, which is closing here yesterday, met Lord Beveridge, the British economist, here last night to hear the plan of the crusade for World Government—the "Usborne Plan"—undertaken by a group of British Parliamentarians.

He later met other members of the British delegation to the Congress.

Having decided not to join forees with the World Federal Organisation with Headquarters in Geneva—the organisers of the Luxembourg Congress—Seth Dalmia has made up his mind to launch a new organisation on his own, but is anxious to interest influential British, and perhaps American statesmen.

MANUFACTURE OF ATOMIC BOMBS

U. S. Amendment Carried In Parliamentary Union Conference

ROME, Sept. 11 (Reuter): An American amendment to Article 11 of the International Code calling for control, inspection and supervision of manufacture of Atomic Bombs was carried this evening by 300 votes to 8 at the final meeting of the 37-Nation Inter-Parliamentary Union Conference.

There were 72 abstentions.

American Delegate, Senator Tom Connally, said the United States Government was willing to surrender the Atomic Bomb if a system of control could be worked out on an International basis. The Americans also accepted an amendment by the Pakistan delegate adding the words "with a view to final abolition of Atomic weapons" to the phrase calling for international supervision.

Services Football Tournament

POONA, Sept. 12 (API): The Maharashtra Football Association (Kirkee) is conducting a series Football Tournament from September 20.

PROTEST AGAINST WAR IN MALAYA

LONDON, Sept. 12, (U.P.I.): "Where is glory in killing men who were heroes of the anti-Fascist war, in order to reinstate the whisky-swilling planters who ran out of Malaya in 1942 whilst the SEAC forces and Malayan Guerillas drove out the Japs?"

In these words six former soldier officers of the South-East Asia Command have protested against the war in Malaya.

They say: "We saw desperately hungry villagers in rich lands of Burma and Malaya and met brave guerillas fighting against the Japenese Fascists to free their homelands for themselves. Many of us promised that we would pay the debt by telling what we saw when we got home and help them on their road to freedom. What are we going to do now?"

Two days ago while troops were embarking to sail for Malaya at Liverpool, seamen and housewives staged a big demonstration of protest against the dispatch of troops to Malaya.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 12, (API): Mr. Sankarrao Deo, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, arrived here yesterday afternoon. He was accompanied by his sister and Miss Sushila Pai, Organising Secretary of the Kasturba Memorial Fund.

INDIAN CITIZENSHIP BILL

Ceylon Premier To Introduce Measure In Parliament

COLOMBO, September 11. (Reuter): Mr. D. S. Senanayake, Prime Minister of Ceylon, told the Conference of the United General Government party here today that his Government would shortly introduce in Ceylon Parliament the Indian Citizenship Bill.

He added: "We have for some considerable time been carrying on negotiations with the Indian Government regarding this Bill and I have personally discussed it with the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan when I met them at New Delhi and Karachi last December."

"I am glad to say," the Prime Minister said "that the two Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan and I have throughout the discussions been anxious to come to a just settlement of this question which would be acceptable not only to the two Governments concerned but also to the people of this country".

RUSSIA ACCUSES BRITAIN

Why Make Discussion Of Italian Colonies Impossible?

MOSCOW, Sept. 11 (Reuter):—A 'Tass' (Soviet News Agency) message from London broadcast by Moscow Radio tonight, accused Britain of "following the United States" in making "impossible the convening of the Council of Foreign Ministers to discuss the Italian Colonies".

"The British Government stated on Sept. 9 that they were agreeable to convening the Council of Foreign Ministers in Paris "but" mentioned that they would be represented by a State Minister", the report said.

This meant that Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin would not take part but Mr. Hector McNeil, Minister of State, would be sent the report said, adding "from this one can see that the British Government have followed the United States who declined to send Mr. George Marshall and thus made impossible the convening of the Council of Foreign Ministers to discuss the Italian Colonies".

ARAB LEAGUE AND NIZAM'S 'INDEPENDENCE'

CAIRO, Sept. 11, (Reuter): Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, today denied any suggestion that the League intended to recognise Hyderabad's independence

Four Berliners To Face Soviet Tribunal

Soviet controlled Berlin radio announced tonight that people accused of "attacks against Soviet citizens and illtreatment of German police" during the disturbances in Berlin on Thursday will appear before a military tribunal of the Soviet garrison on Monday.

Four Berliners will appear before the Soviet court to answer charges of attacking Russians and Eastern Sector policemen.

ALL-INDIA ORIENTAL CONFERENCE

POONA, Sept. 11 (API): It has now been finally decided that the 14th All-India Oriental Conference will be held at Darbhanga (Muthia) from October 15 to 18, 1948 announces the General Secretary of the Conference.

SYDNEY, Sept. 11 (Reuter): The Australian Government is discussing a plan to televise Parliamentary Sessions—already broadcast to the nation—Mr. Raymond Allsop, Australian consultant of a British Radio and Television firm, declared here today.

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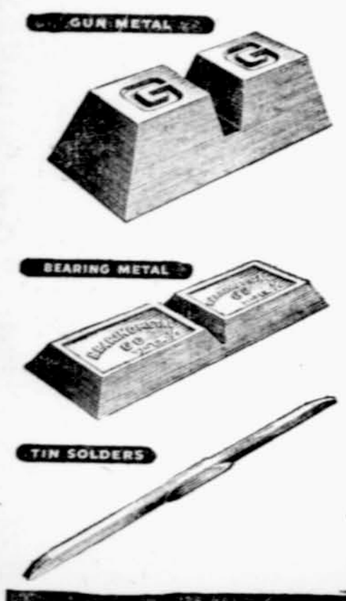

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It is commonly believed that Virginia is a foreign commodity always imported into India. 'Virginia' is *merely a type of tobacco* that can be cultivated in any part of the world, provided the soil and the climate permit. In recent years Cultivation and Curing methods in India have rapidly improved, and experts claim today that our country can produce *the best.*

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"Loss To Entire Muslim World"

Continued from Page 1

place of "Janaza prayers" by the navy and army personnel. Members of the Diplomatic Corps from the Muslim countries and Ministers of the Pakistan Government shouldered the four arms of the bier on its way to the prayer place.

The place of prayer was cordoned by army, navy and police personnel.

At call of the Imam (Maulana Shabbir Ahmed Usmani) the devotees formed about 500 rows behind him. The prayer lasted about five minutes.

IMAM ADDRESSES GATHERING OF 4 LAKHS

After the prayer was over, Maulana Shabbir Ahmed Usmani, addressing the gathering of over 4,00,000 people, said "the Quaid-i-Azam was no more with the people to guide their destinies. But his instructions and spirit would always remain afresh in the minds of the people of Pakistan.

The Quaid's loss was not a loss of Pakistan alone, he said, but of the entire Muslim world. He had captured the hearts of the people. He "as a statesman, Quaid-i-Azam Jinnah was superb and incomparable. He could never be purchased by anybody, and he was beyond the approach of a man to be fooled on any legal and constitutional issues."

Maulana Shabbir Ahmed said that the Quaid-i-Azad as the leader of a poor and illiterate community, discarded all his wordly comforts, and worked day and night for the betterment of the down-trodden people of his community.

BROUGHT BACK ISLAM'S PRISTINE GLORY

He brought back the glory of Islam of the days of Aurangzeb and the Muslims of this land would remain grateful to him for all that he had done for them.

At the conclusion of the speech of Maulana Shabbir Ahemd Usmani the bier was carried to the burial ground about a furlong from the place of the prayers.

The bier was lifted by the army and navy personnel assisted by others. On the three sides of bier were three high officials of the Defence Services.

The Burmese Ambassador in Pakistan, U Pe Kin, carried the bier for a little distance. As it reached the burial ground, Royal Pakistan Air Force "Tempest" aircraft while dipping in salute showered flowers.

LAST DUTY DONE

At 6-24 p.m. the body was gently deposited into the grave. Liaquat Ali Khan and other members of the Cabinet paid the last duty to the departed leader by depositing his body into the grave.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan then placed a handful of earth and other members of the Diplomatic Corps of Islamic countries followed him in the last rite.

After the grave was covered and the last homage was paid to the Quaid-i-Azam the vast concourse dispersed quietly reciting "Kalma" on their way back to their homes.

"FATIA KHANI" ON TUESDAY

The "fatia khani" at the Governor-General's house will be held between 8 and 10 a.m. on Tuesday (Sept. 14) and not on Sept. 13, as announced earlier.

PRAYERS BEFORE BIER

KARACHI, Sept. 12.—Two hafizes are uninterruptedly reciting the holy Koran by the side of the bier on which the body of the Quaid-i-Azam is resting.

Miss Fatima Jinnah, the Qaid-i-Azam's sister, Mrs. Neville Wadia, daughter of the Quaid-i-Azam, who arrived here by a special plane from Bombay this morning, Mr. Mohamed Aliji Walji, nephew of Qaid-i-Azam, and his wife, Mrs. Fatima Walji, are among those by the bier.

Bedecked with flowers, the Quaid-i-Azam's body, spread on a white sheeded bier, was kept lying in state inside the main portico, the face bearing an expression of peace with the eyes closed.

Columns of men and women marched past the bier paying their last homage while incense was being burnt all round the bier.

Nearly two lakhs of Karachi's grief-sticken citizens have by this time (2 p.m.) seen the dead body of the Quaid-i-Azam which has been kept in a wooden coffin, wrapt in white sheets and bedecked with flowers, on the footsteps of the portico of the Governor-General's house.

About 20 persons fainted on the spot after they had seen the body.

WEEPS LIKE A CHILD

Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar was weeping bitterly like a child.

The High Commissioner for India in Pakistan, Mr. Sri Prakasa, has sent a wreath on behalf of the Governor General of India.

Crowds Break Through Police Cordon

KARACHI, Sept. 12, (API): The surging crowds around the gates of the Governor-General's residence broke through the guards to pay their homage to their dear departed leader and the police and servicemen struggled hard and succeeded in controlling the grief-stricken citizens, and at 11-30 a.m.—after an hour's struggle—succeeded in forming two queues of a mile long each. The body of the Quaid-e-Azam lying in state was kept in the portico to enable the citizens to get the last glimpse and pay their last homage to him.

Members of the Diplomatic Corps belonging to Islamic countries visited the Government House and paid their homage.

Crowds Set Building On Fire

KARACHI, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): A fire broke out in a hotel about fifty yards from the Governor-General's house here today at about 2-30 p.m. just before the funeral procession was scheduled to start.

Three fire-fighting engines rushed to the scene within a few minutes and battled with it for over an hour, before it was brought under control.

It was stated that a crowd tried to cross the hotel garden to enter the Governor-General's House when a chowkidar of the hotel objected some miscreants smashed the furniture of the dining and ball rooms of the hotel and later set the building on fire.

PAKISTAN SOCIALIST PARTY RESOLUTION

KARACHI, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): The Pakistan Socialist Party adopted a resolution today recording its profound grief at the demise of Quaid-e-Azam Mahammed Ali Jinnah.

HIDAYATULLAH'S TRIBUTE TO JINNAH

KARACHI, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): The Governor of Sind, Mr. Gulam Hussain Hidayatullah said "it was Mr. Jinnah who welded the Muslims of India into a strong nation by his infallible guidance and untiring efforts in the course of the last decade."

He urged the people of Pakistan not to despair but to "close our ranks and face shoulder to shoulder, the perils that beset our nation on every side today."

OFFICIAL MOURNING

The period of official mourning will be 40 days ending on 21st October, 1948, it is officially stated. Flags will be flying at half mast until further instructions.

"His Spirit Will Inspire All"

KARACHAI, Sept. 12 (API).—U. Pe Kin, Burmese Ambassador in Karachi, has sent a condolence message to Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, stating "by his (Mr. Jinnah's) outstanding leadership he had put Pakistan firmly on the road to glory, and I have no doubt that his spirit will impose those who will now have to pick up the thread. We mourn with you in your sad bereavement."

PAKISTAN ARMY PAYS HOMAGE

RAWALPINDI, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): The Pakistan Army paid its last homage to Mr. Jinnah when all the units of the army now stationed at the General Headquarters, Pindi, held a parade as a mark of respect to the memory of the Quaid-e-Azam.

They Mourn Jinnah's Death

Messages of condolence have been received from: Vincount Jowitt, British Lord Chancellor; Seth Dalmia; Sir Henry Moore Governor-General of Ceylon Mr. D. S. Senanayake; Prime Minister of Ceylon, Mr. M. A. Bajwa, Imam of the London Mosque, Dr. Y. M. Dadoo President o the Transvaal Indian Congress Mr. M Doola President of the Transvaal Muslim League Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, British Commissioner-General in South East Asia, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar President of the Hindu Mahasabha, Sir Mohammad Usman: Dr. U. Krishna Rau, Mayor of Madras, Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar: Mr C. E. Gibbon, founder-President of the Pakistan Anglo-Indian Association, Mr. Muhammad Saadullah, Ex-Premier of Assam Mr. Basant Kumar Das Leader of the Opposition in the East Bengal Assembly, Maulana Akram Khan, former President of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League, Mr. Lamping, Dutch Ambassador in India, Acharya Narendra Dev: and Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqi former member of the Indian Legislative Assembly and Mr. Husain Ahmed Madani, President of the Jamiat Ulema-i-Hind.

Let Two States Draw Together

BOMBAY, Sept. 12. (A.P.I.): The Bombay Socialist leaders Mr. Asoka Mehta and Mr. H. Harris in a joint statement on Mr. Jinnah's death stated: "In this hour of great sorrow of our sister State of Pakistan we offer them not only our sympathy but our hand of friendship. Both our states so young and orphaned almost simultaneously must draw together." The statement added: "What we failed to achieve in years of struggle and victory let us seek to realise in the shadow of sorrow.

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INDIA FREE TO TAKE ACTION AGAINST HYDERABAD

(Continued from Page 1)

contrary to all known facts. Indeed, as these lines are being written information has come to hand that aggression against India continues. Therefore, they once more solemnly request the Government of H.E.H. the Nizam to take steps at once to disband the Razakars and to facilitate the passage of Indian troops through the State so that they can return to Secunderabad in such strength as may be deemed necessary for the prompt and effective restoration of law and order. The Government of India earnestly hope that the Government of Hyderabad will be able to comply immediately with this request.

Yours sincerely,
(Sd.) V. P. MENON.

FROM LAIK ALI TO NEHRU

From Mir Laik Ali to Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister dated Sept. 10.

My Dear Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru,

Kindly refer to the letter from the Ministry of States dated 7th September, 1948.

The Nizam's Government are aware of the attitude taken by the Government of India towards the Razakars organisation, but they are not a little surprised that Government of India should give credence to the malicious propaganda which is being carried on by the Indian press with regard to the law and order conditions in the State and should make it a basis for putting forward demands for which there is no justification or validity and which constitute a grave violation of the Standstill agreement.

GENESIS OF RAZAKARS

The Nizam's Government wish to reiterate that the Razakar movement has sprung entirely as a result of the raids which are being carried out in our territory from bases across the border and a state of fear in the form of constant threat from the Indian Union. It cannot, therefore, be dealt with in isolation and regardless of the unlawful activities by parties from across the border but it is certain that the movement will disappear no sooner an understanding is arrived at between the Government of India and Hyderabad and the border situation is dealt with in their respective areas on an agreed plan in the absence of which the Government of Hyderabad do not feel justified in taking action in regard to the movement.

NO RESPONSE FROM INDIA

The Nizam's Government feel that their repeated efforts to arrive at an understanding have failed because the necessary response has not been forthcoming from the Provincial Governments and the Government of India as would be evident by a reference to the following correspondence copies of which are herewith enclosed for facility of reference:

(1) Letter dated November 29, 1947, from the Hyderabad Minister for External Affairs to the Secretary, Ministry of States, Government of India.

(2) Telegram dated Dec. 8, 1947, from the Prime Minister of Hyderabad to the Prime Ministers of Madras, Bombay and the Central Provinces.

(3) Letter dated December 24, 1947, from the Minister for External Affairs, Hyderabad to the Secretary, Ministry of States, Government of India.

(4) Letter dated Jan. 15-16, 1948, from the Hyderabad Minister for External Affairs to the Indian Agent-General in Hyderabad.

(5) Extract from letter dated April 5, 1948, from the Prime Minister of Hyderabad to the Prime Minister of India.

(6) Extract from letter dated May 23, 1948, from Prime Minister of Hyderabad to the Prime Minister of India.

(7) Letter dated March 23, 1948, from the Hyderabad Minister for External Affairs to the Secretary, Ministry of States, Government of India.

PLEA FOR CONCERTED ACTION TO RESTORE ORDER

The Nizam's Government are even now prepared to discuss the question of restoring law and order in the border areas with the respective Governments as they firmly believe that apart from the larger political issues it would be in the interests of the people of Hyderabad as well as of adjoining areas of the Indian Union that concerted action should be taken to bring back the situation to normal.

The incident at Kodar on the 6th September 1948 offers yet another instance as to how aggression against Hyderabad is not now confined to the civil population and the police of the neighbouring areas, but is being undertaken by the Indian army in a pre-planned manner without any provocation from our side whatsoever. These facts contradict the charge of continued aggression on the part of Hyderabad against India when Hyderabad has in fact for several months had to put up with aggression in various forms from the neighbouring areas.

SURPRISED AT INDIA'S REQUEST

The Nizam's Government are greatly surprised that the Government of India should have made the extraordinary demand to station their troops at Secunderabad and should have asked them to facilitate the passage of such troops to Secunderabad. I have already made it clear in my letter of the 5th April 1948 that whether there was a Standstill Agreement or not the Indian troops had to leave Hyderabad by the 15th August 1947 on which date the treaties under which these troops had been stationed at Hyderabad lapsed.

Appreciating the correct position Government of India withdrew their troops. The present relations between India and Hyderabad are based on the Standstill Agreement of November 1947 which clearly lays down that the Government of India will not have the right to interfere in the administration of Hyderabad, and will not be entitled to station troops within Hyderabad territory.

NIZAM'S 'SUCCESS' IN MAINTAINING LAW AND ORDER

The Nizam's Government in spite of the subversive activities largel engineered from outside have succeeded in maintaining law and order within the State, and they feel fully competent to deal with the situation. The Nizam's Government, therefore, take a very serious view of the suggestion

(Continued from Col 7)

my letter of the 7th September, which, in our opinion, alone are calculated to restore law and order in Hyderabad.

In the circumstances, the Government of India hold themselves free now to take whatever action they consider necessary to achieve these objectives. The responsibility for the consequences, grave as they might be, must rest on the shoulders of the Hyderabad Government.

Yours sincerely,
(Sd.) V. P. MENON.

Blackout In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, Deccan) Sept 12. (API): Saying that "anything might happen", an announcement over the Hyderabad Radio today advised the people of the precautions to be taken if aeroplanes were sighted.

Black out restrictions, the announcement said, were to come into force immediately.

stance as to how aggression against Hyderabad is not now confined to the civil population and the police of the neighbouring areas"—presumably of India—" but is being undertaken by the Indian Army."

(III) "The subversive activities" in Hyderabad have been" largely engineered from outside."

(IV) In spite of such activities, "the Nizam's Government have succeeded in maintaining law and orders within the State and feel fully competent to deal with the situation."

LAIK ALI'S STATEMENTS CONTRARY TO TRUTH

Everyone of these statements is contrary to the truth. In each case, the aggression of which you speak has come from the side of Hyderabad.

The only law that prevails now in the state is the law of the jungle in which Razakars and their allies prey upon the large majority of the helpless citizens or of those who have the misfortune of not sharing their opinions or participating in their activities.

The Government of India are compelled to conclude that the Government of Hyderabad have no desire to face facts and to take the two measures, viz., disbandment of the Razakars and other private armies and the return of Indian troops to Secunderabad, already suggested both by H. E. the Governor-General in his letter dated 31-8-48 to H.E.H. the Nizam and by the Government of India in

(Continued in Col 4)

MENON'S REPLY TO LAIK ALI

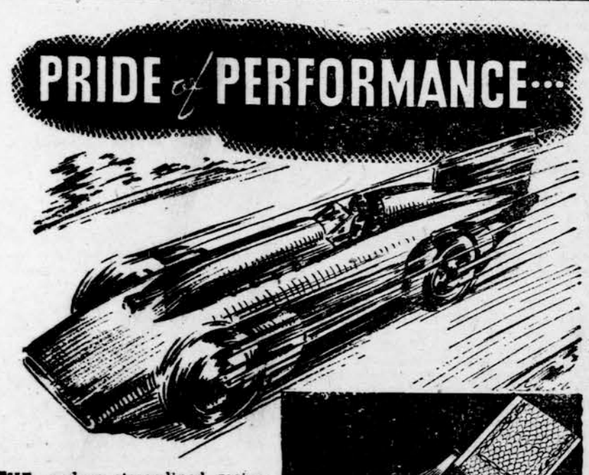
Letter from Mr. V. P. Menon to Mr. Laik Ali, Prime Minister, Nizam's Government, dated Sept. 11.

Dear Mir Laik Ali,

Please refer to your letter of the 10th September to the Prime Minister of India, of which advance copy reached me this morning. It is clear that the Nizam's Government are determined to regard facts not as they are, but as they wish others to believe them to be. It is impossible, on any other view, to explain such statements in your letter as that:

(I) "The Razakar movement has sprung entirely as a result of the raids which are being carried out in our (Hyderabad) territory from across the border and a state of fear in the form of constant threat from the Indian Union."

(II) "The Kodar incident on the 6th September offers yet another in-



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Public opening of tenders:	11 A.M. on 7-10-48.
Offers to remain open for acceptance up to:	7-11-48.

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Tender forms can be obtained on payment of Rs. 5/- per set in Cash/Money Order/Postal Order from Disposals Offices at New Delhi, Bombay, Kanpur, Madras and Calcutta. Sale will be subject to the special conditions and to the general conditions of "Con. 117." The tender form will also serve as permit to inspect the store. The stocks are considered UNFIT for human consumption in the present form and an undertaking will have to be given by the purchaser/s that the stocks will not be sold for human consumption.

Director General of Disposals reserves the right to reject all or any offer without assigning reasons therefor. The purchaser will be responsible for satisfying himself as regards the quality of the store before tendering and for compliance with all regulations promulgated by Health Authorities.

Issued by
The Director General of Disposals, Government of India, New Delhi.

A.C. 421

NEW CONGRESS CONSTITUTION

Some District And Mandal Committees Reduced To Non-Functioning Units

LUCKNOW, Sept. 12 (UPI): The new Congress constitution has, in its transitional stage, incidentally reduced some District and Mandal Congress Committees almost to non-functioning units, it is gathered from the U. P Provincial Congress Secretariat.

Under the new constitution, the subordinate committees are to be elected not by four anna members, but by "active" Congress workers to be approved by the District Credentials Committees which have not yet been formed.

In some districts, the old committees have been thinned, by resignations or other causes to less than half their strength and since the remaining minority cannot fill by its vote the vacant seats, the Committees are virtually non-existent for all practical purposes, the U.P. Provincial Congress Committee Office has received a number of communications from subordinate committees seeking its instructions on the point. The matter will be placed at the next meeting of the Council of the U.P.P.C.C.

Meanwhile, a circular has been sent to each District Congress Committee requiring it to elect three persons for the District Credentials Committees and send in their names to the U.P. P.C.C. Office by September 25.

The Council will then decide whether all the three persons recommended or any two or one of them should constitute the District Credentials Committee.

TRIPARTITE INDUSTRIAL COMMITTEE

Agenda For Delhi Meeting

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11 (API): The problem of surplus labour which has arisen owing to accumulation coal at the pit-heads on account of shortage of transport and the consequent closing down of mines will be one of the subjects before the Tripartite Industrial Committee on the coal mining industry to meet here on September 15 and 14.

Mr. Jagjiwan Ram, Labour Minister, will preside over the meeting.

Other important subjects on the agenda of the Committee are the question of labour management relations, contract labour, supply of essential commodities at concessional rates to colliery labour and a suggestion that Sundays should be worked in lieu of closed public holidays observed in mines. The Committee will also review the Coalmines Provident Fund scheme.

RECEPTION TO "DELHI"

Parashar To Represent Rajaji

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12 (API): His Excellency the Governor-General will be represented by Lieut. P. N. Parashar, R.I.N., when India's first cruiser, H.M.I.S. "Delhi" arrives in Bombay on September 15, 1948.

To mark the arrival of H.M.I.S. "Delhi" an elaborate programme has been drawn up in which the Prime Minister of India, the Governor of Bombay, the Defence Minister, the Premier of Bombay and others will participate.

COUNSELLOR TO INDIA EMBASSY AT ANKARA

Dr. Shaubatullah Ansari Sails

BOMBAY, Sunday

Dr. Shaukatullah Ansari, nephew of the late Dr. M. A. Ansari and well-known Muslim Congressman of Delhi, who has been appointed Consellor to the Embassy of India at Ankara, sailed this morning for Turkey accompanied by his young son.

NEW FRENCH CABINET

PARIS, Sept. 12 (Reuter): The new French Cabinet, the fourth in under The citizens of the Capital woke seven weeks and the twelfth since liberation, is:

Prime Minister and Finance Minister—Henri Queuille (Radical): Vice-Premier and Justice: Andre Marie (Radical): Foreign Affairs: Robert Schuman (Popular Republican): Interior: Jules Moch (Socialist): Agriculture: Pierre Pflimlin (Popular Republican): Transport: Christian Pineau (Socialist): Labour: Daniel Mayer (Socialist): Health: Pierre Schneiter (Popular Republican): Education: Yvon Delbos (Radical): Commerce and Industry: Robert Lacoste (Socialist), Ex-Servicemen: Robert Betolaud (Republican Liberty Party—Extreme Right).

M. Queuille's Cabinet includes his 3 immediate predecessors as Prime Minister—Robert Schuman, Andre Marie and Paul Ramadier. Three of the key Ministries—Interior, Defence and Labour—go to the Socialists.

After presenting his new Government to President Auriol, M. Queuille said: "The number of Secretaries of State has been increased to cope with the heavy responsibilities, the first Cabinet meeting will be held tomorrow afternoon. The Government will go to work immediately".

SEEKING INTERVIEW WITH STALIN

Move Of Western Envoys In Moscow

MOSCOW, Sept. 11 (Reuter): The three Western envoys have asked for a new appointment at the Kremlin to discuss Germany on the instructions of their Governments, according to usually well-informed Western circles here today.

It is now believed that their next visit to the Kremlin will probably be on Monday.

The envoys are believed to be seeking an interview with Marshal Stalin, according to well-informed Western observers.

Wholesale Prices Remain Stationary

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11.—Wholesale prices in India, as measured by the Economic Advisers index, remained almost stationary during the week-ended August 28: and the index which stood at 380.6 (base: year ended August 1939: 100), was 3.0 per cent lower than that of a month ago but 26.0 per cent higher than that of the corresponding week of last year. The average for August 1948 worked out to 383.1 as compared with 389.6 (revised) for the previous month and 301.4 for August 1947.

During the week under review, wheat (minus three per cent) Jowar (minus five per cent) and Bajra (minus two per cent) contributed to a fall of 0.4 per cent in the food group to 395.9 notwithstanding a rise in tea (plus six per cent).

Amongst "industrial raw materials" wool raw and copra (plus 3.5 per cent each) and Manganese or (plus 34 per cent) moved up, but their effect was more than offset by decreases in the cotton raw (minus seven per cent), silk raw (5.5 per cent), groundnuts (minus 5 per cent) and Skins raw (minus 77 per cent), as a result of which the group index witnessed a decline of two point two per cent to 426.3 in contrast, however, higher prices of goat skins (plus 3 per cent), Cotton Yarn (plus 6 per cent) and Timber (plus 31 per cent) raised the index of "semi manufacturers" by three per cent to 140.7.

The only noticeable change in "manufacturers" in respect of glass (minus 6.5 per cent) which brought down the group index factionally to 347.3.

The "miscellaneous" group also moved down by 1.4 per cent to 534.2 owing mainly to lower prices of spices and tobacco leaf (minus three per cent each).

NEW SYNTHETIC RUBBER

20 Per Cent. More Durable

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9

Synthetic rubber for automobile and truck tires, said to be 30 per cent more durable than natural rubber, is now being produced in the United States at temperatures as low as zero degrees Fahrenheit (—17.8 degrees Centigrade). While only small quantities are being made by two private companies in Government-sponsored programmes, many other concerns are experimenting with the processes on a laboratory or pilot-plant scale.

Experts note that the lasting quality of the synthetic rubber increases as the temperature used in manufacturing is lowered. Synthetic rubber produced by the new method is better than that produced during recent months at 41 degrees Fahrenheit (5 degrees Centigrade). It is much better than the standard synthetic rubber produced at the temperature of 122 degrees Fahrenheit (50 degrees Centigrade).

In the production of all types of synthetic rubber at low temperatures, a new process of polymerization is used to reduce cracking and to increase resistance of tires to abrasion. Greater durability is achieved by combining such elements as butadiene and styrene with carbon black, the soot from smoke formerly considered a waste product of industrial plants.

COSTS A LITTLE MORE

Experts say that making rubber in ice water instead of hot water costs a little more but not enough to increase the price above 18 1/2 cents a pound, the current price for general purpose, standard synthetic rubber.

Cold rubber is being produced today in the United States at a rate of only 1,500 metric tons a month. A general shift to cold rubber production is not expected to occur immediately. Aside from the shortage of necessary equipment, its value must be proved conclusively in a series of tests before the 700 million dollars worth of synthetic rubber plants, owned by the U. S. Government, will be shifted from standard to subfreezing synthetic rubber production.

Rubber experts point out, however, that the importance of cold rubber cannot be overestimated. In the United States, one-third of all rubber consumed is in the form of automobile tires. If the new synthetic product continus to show the superiority it promises, they believe that synthetic rubber might become a widely used, all-around product in the United States.

Current estimates indicate that U. S. production of all types of synthetic rubber will be about 392,000 metric tons this year. Consumption of natural rubber is estimated at about 576,000 tons for 1948.

According to figures released by the U. S. Department of Commerce, world production of natural rubber totalled about 727,500 tons during the first half of 1948. consumption is estimated at 967,500 tons, of which the United States consumed 322,000 tons. World production of synthetic rubber is estimated at 272,500 tons, and consumption at 245,000 tons during the half year, not including statistics for the USSR. —USIS.

DYES AND CHEMICALS

BOMBAY, Sept. 11.

(From Chatraonuj K. Mavji)

	per lb.
NAPTHOLS	
SAPTHOL CAS	10/12
CBS	16/4
CSW	16/4
CBS	17
Fast Scarlet CKRC Base	7
Fast Scarlet CKR Base	10/4
Fast Red CKOR Base	10/12
Fast Red CB Base	11
Garnet CKGBC Base	3/14
Yellow CGC Base	9
Corinth CB Base	7
Bordeaux CGP Base	12
Bordeaux CGP Salt	4/8
Scarlet CKR Salt	3/8
Blue CB Salt	5
DIRECT Colours.	
Direct Black Extra	5
Direct Green Extra	5
Direct Violet Extra	5/8
Direct Yellow 4GL	11
Direct Sky Blue Extra	7/4
Direct Ruoin	5
Direct Brown	4/12
Direct Orange Extra	7
Diazo Black Extra	3/10
Chrysophenine Extra	10/8
Benzopurpurine 4B	6/12
Congo Red Extra	7/4
Direct Scarlet 4BS	9/8
Tarquoise Blue G	28
SULPHUR Colours.	
Sulphur Black 692	1/12
Sulphur Black R Special	1/7
Sulphur Black HK Grains	1/8
Alizarine 100 p c Powder	8
100 p c Powder	9
CHEMICALS	
Hydrosulphite	1/8
Byaulphite of Soda	58
Turkey Red Oil	80
Monopol, Napthol Soap	55
Soda Bicarb	50
Soda Ash	2
Sitaric Acid	2/8
Ammonia Powder	65
Ammonia Chloride	36
Sulphur Roi	14
Sulphur Crude	10
	per lb.
Methylene Blue Extra	6
Metanil Yellow Elephant	3
Metanil Yellow Extra	4/12
Methyl Violet Lumps	5/12
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps	8/8
Magenta Extra	10
Diamond Green	10/8
Bismark Brown Extra	3/4
Malachite Green Crystals	7
Crysodine Extra	4
Aurcmine Extra	6
Acid Orange Extra	2/12
Soup Green	18
Acid Scarlet	
Kumkum Scarlet	9
Rhodamine B Extra 500 p c	36
VAT FAST DYES.	
Vat Blue GCD Powder	41
Vat Blue RSN	40
Vat Dark Blue BO Powder	32
Vat Brilliant Green B900	45
Vat Brilliant Green B2100	125
Vat Olive Green B	20
Vat Yellow GC Powder	84
Vat Violet 4R	72
Vat Magenta	80
Vat Grey	20
Vat Brown	20
PRINTING Colours.	
Printosol CO	13/8
Printosol CO4B	33
Gold Yellow	68
Printosol Green	85
Rapid Red	23
Orange	24
Yellow	22
Indigo 60 p c Grains (American)	4/8
Indigo 60 p c Grains (French)	5/4
Indigo 60 p c Grains Ext. Lo packing	5/14

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Heavy Short Covering Hardens Prices

The Patel Cotton Co. Ltd. has issued the following weekly report:

The New York Futures Market continued to display dullness and a weak undertone, during the fortnight under review. News of export sales to Japan and complaints of heat from Texas gave temporary support to bullish elements. But the excellent general condition of cotton crops in the U.S.A., and increasingly larger crop ideas from private sources imparted a depressing tone to the market, which showed a tendency to stay nearer the loan rate.

The United States Department of Agriculture, in its third crop report of the 1948 season, puts production at 15,219,000 bales with a yield of 310 lbs. per acre. The condition is put at 82 per cent and the area at 23,323,009 acres. The census bureau in its third ginning report for the season indicates the figure at 1,473,000 Bales.

EGYPTIAN MARKET

An event of great significance to cotton was the reopening of the Egyptian Futures Market, after a prolonged closure of about eight years. Trading started with good Karnak quoted at 86 Tallaris per kantar for January 1949 delivery, and good Ashmouni at 54.90 Tallaris for December 1948 delivery. The reopening, however, is conditioned by a number of regulations, the most important of which is the limitation of price movements on any day to three per cent either way of the previous day's closing. It is also laid down that Jobbers' dealings will be limited to 2000 Kantars which they must close within 24 hours.

The Government of India announced on 1st September 1948, through the Textile Commissioner, the floors and ceilings for New Crop Cotton, for various varieties of tenderable cottons. Following are the basic floors and ceilings:—

Jarilla 25/32" Rs. 495 and 620.
Upland 13/16" Rs. 525 and 650.
Vijay 3/4" Rs. 525 and 650.
Kumpta 7/8" Rs. 575 and 700.
Surti 7/8" Rs. 590 and Rs. 715.
Westerns 13/16" Rs. 500 and 650.
4F 3/4" Rs. 525 and 650.
Cambodia 7/8" Rs. 595 and 720.
L.S.S. 13/16" 565 and 690.
Dholleras 3/4" Ceiling 570 no floor.
289F 7/8", 635 and 760.

It is worthy of note that the Pakistan varieties have been included in the list. This sets a price limit to the Pakistan Cottons within Indian borders and will naturally affect the volume of imports from Pakistan. The Pakistan Ministry of Commerce on the other hand, is understood to have subjected exports of cotton to India from Pakistan to a system of licensing. The Pakistan Government does not intend fixing ceiling prices for cotton exported from Pakistan generally. It appears that the monthly quota for India will be announced later, after a reliable forecast of the cotton production becomes available in view of the reported damage to crops by untimely rains and the recent Indus floods.

While the decision to control raw cotton prices was generally disapproved by the Trade as unnecessary, the actual fixing of floors and ceilings of individual varieties seems to betray lack of knowledge of the actual premia at which some of these varieties were quoted in the ready markets.

A belated statement followed this announcement, announcing the Government's decision to buy over all cotton at the floor levels, in case of need, and further that the Government will also weigh over old crops, at these levels, with such discount for old crop, as they may decide on basis of quality.

The Bombay Futures market, after a sharp drop, rose gradually, on the strength of the Government's assurance of purchases at the floor level of both new and old crops. This rise was followed by considerable short covering and prices shot up rapidly to Rs. 558. A firm note rules the market at present.

TRADING IN NEW CROP

At a general meeting of the members of the East India Cotton Association Ltd. on 9th inst., it was decided to alter the staple length of the basic tenderable Jarilla to 25/32". In view of the imposition of the control, however, the Board recommended that a "tolerance" of 1/32" should be allowed. The decision of the East India Cotton Association is expected to be conveyed to the Bombay Government on Friday for approval. Trading in New Crops is likely to start next week.

It has now come to light that the Government of India have purchased through the British Raw Cotton Commission 10,000 Bales of Sudanese long staple cotton, in exchange for 15,000 Bales of C.P. Oomra short staples. It will be recalled that early during the season, India had bought 25,000 Bales direct from Sudan, the remaining Sudanese cotton being bought over by the U.K.

The ready market at Sewree has been in an unsettled state after the maxima and minima for individual varieties were announced. All prices tend to move along the ceiling level, irrespective of the premia over the prevailing Jarila Contract.

We have received the following telegram from Karachi dated 9-9-48.

"Climatic conditions Sind are beneficial. Factories will start latest end this month. Floods Northern Sind Punjab abaiting. Ready demand slack. Trade anxiously awaiting clarification destinational quota."

Chicago Wheat

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.

September	2.23
December	2.25-3/4
May	2.16-1/4
July	1.95-7/8

CHEMICALS.	
Sodium Sulphide Indian	75
Sulphate of Alumina (Pure)	16
Aniline Salt	1/1
Bichromate of Potash	170
Zinc Dust	92
Caustic Soda 1 Lb. pkg.	0/10
Acetic Acid	0/15
Formal De Hyde	0/10
White Sugar of Lead	155
Acited of Lead	125
Borexegrs	30

New York

BRISK TRADING IN COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 11 (Reuter).—COTTON: The market scored modest gains in fairly brisk trading on persistent mill pricefixing in near months and commission buying in far distant deliveries with the latter demand based on the belief that there would be no material change in the loan programme.

The 1948 October delivery was again a trading feature rising further above the 31 cent level to register the highest price since August 12th when the delivery valued 31.50 cents. The continued lack of aggressive hedge pressure, reports of increased pledges into the Government loan and the firmer spot basis together with expectations of some improvement in the worth-street textile market in the coming weeks were additional strengthening influences. Prices eased under weekend profittaking but the market closed steady.

Sales are estimated at 90,000 bales.

CHICAGO GRAINS

September maize delivery again featured the market advancing more than two cents a bushel on continuation of the recent covering movement. Wheat was aided by mill buying against recent export sales and reports north-western farmers were placing large amounts of new wheat into the government loan.

The failure of the markets to attract increased selling in face of bumper crop prospects confirmed by the dept. of agriculture yesterday was an additionally buying stimulant.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.

October	31.20
December	30.94
March	30.75
May	30.57
Middling Spot	32.10

The New York Stock Exchange closed.

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Sept. 11.

T.T. London on:

	Selling	Buying
New York	4.0275	4.0325
Montreal	4.0275	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Stockholm	14.47 to 14.50	

London Stock Exchange, Silver, Gold and Produce closed.

FUTURE CUT IN U. S. WHEAT EXPORTS FORESEEN

Improved World Outlook For 1949 Crop

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.

The United States will continue to ship to other countries at least a third of its wheat stocks during the current grain marketing year, but improved outlook for 1949 in other major wheat-growing nations indicates that U. S. exports can be cut by next year to continue building up domestic stocks, still at a comparatively low level, the U. S. Agriculture Department said to-day.

In its annual "outlook" report on wheat exports this crop year "are exmonths, the department repeated previous announcements by saying that wheat exports this crop year "are expected to be at least 450 million bushels, a third of which is expected to move in the first three months."

Discussing wheat prospects and plans for the 1949-50 crop season, the report indicated that U. S. wheat exports might be cut to 300-350 million bushels next year if conditions elsewhere warranted, but indicated the availability of additional U. S. supplies if needed.

EXPORTS SET AT 300-350 MILLION BUSHELS

The report said:

"The tentative range for U. S. exports in 1949-50 is 300-350 million bushels. Much will depend upon the way the crops turn out in both the exporting countries and importing countries. It is assumed that in 1949-50 there will be further recovery in agricultural output in Europe and Asia and more normal production in exporting countries and that about 75 million bushels will be exported from the USSR and Eastern Europe, chiefly to the ERP countries. In addition to the crop outturn the financial and political role played by the United States in international affairs will continue to be very important in determining the quantity of U. S. exports."

On the domestic situation, the report noted that due to the "abnormal world demand," the United States had exported its excess over domestic needs from "four successive record wheat crops," and in so doing had cut the carry-over "down to very low levels."

Building up of these stocks on hand began last year, despite the record export total then of 483.3 million bushels.

This year's high wheat production, estimated to yield 1,284 million bushels, will not only enable continuance of this domestic replenishment but will also permit the second highest wheat export total on record, if the estimated shipment programme is completed.

U. S. WHEAT STOCK SITUATION

According to Agriculture Department estimates, here is the U. S. wheat stock situation:

Stocks on hand July 1, 1948: 195 million bushels;

Estimated current crop yield: 1,284 million bushels;

Total available supply: 1,479 million bushels;

Estimated domestic use this year: 750 million bushels;

Estimated exports this year (minimum): 450 million bushels;

Stocks estimated to be left as carry-over July 1, 1949: 275 million bushels.

This would be the highest carry-over since 1945, and slightly above the 1932-41 average of 235 million bushels. U S. carry-over stocks on July 1, 1947, were only 83.8 million bushels, virtually the same as the record low point of 83.2 million bushels in 1937.

The report indicated that the increase in domestic wheat stocks might reduce prices of the grain, especially during the heavy marketing season. The most recent U. S. wheat prices listed in the report were as of August 27, showing 2.29 to 2.37 dollars a bushel fo. hard wheat, and 2.18 dollars a bushel for soft wheat—USIS.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

S.S. KAMPALA

From Beira—17434 electrolytic ingot bars, 3838 slabs electrolytic slakezinc, 6400 crade asbestos fibre.

From Mombassa.—7500 bags soda ash, 8047 bales cotton.

S.S. REBEUERET

From Hongkong—103 cases torch light bulbs, 64 cases torch, 282 cases rasin, 48 bags brass scraps, 2185 bkgs copper ingots, 89 crates bomvita, 301 bags old copper scrap.

From Manila—247 drums heavy brassscrap, 225 copper wire scrap.

S.S. JALVIRA.

From Karachi.—150 bales wool, 123 cases Portuguese brandy, 40 cases kista Maghaj, 50 bags bad land wavings, 25 bags kernals.

S.S. SAPETA

To Karachi:—140 cases dry angoor, 100 bags pista, 68 cases pista maghaj, 102 bales graywool raw, 50 cases moulding powder, 688 bags dryfruits, 92 bags pista dodi, 89 bags pista chise 181 bags drug, 19960 bags cement.

S. S. TIMAVO

From Trieste:—

62 cases lead accetate technical 108 cases sewing cotton threads on reel 365 bales newsprint paper 78 cases artificial silk yarn 134 bales printing paper 45 bales packing paper 88 bags cream laid writings 442 bales while wood free cream paper

From Venice:—

960 bags marble chicks.

From Alexandria:—

700 bales Egyptian cotton.

From Port Sudan:—

770 bags gum arabic 250 bags gum arabic kordofan cleaned 1240 bags gum talha 600 bags gum husbad 500 bags gum asubic cleaned 490 bags whole rominto crude.

S. S. DUMRA

From Busrah:—

29 bags gall nuts, 89 bags puppy seeds 162 bags almoaunds with shell 131 bags badam kuampra 971 cases khismish 273 bags shelled almonds.

From Kuwait:—

40 bdls. wool

From Khuramshire:—

684 bags puppy seeds 25 bags almonds with shells 183 bags badamtraghaiji 261 zdls. k hismish 81 cases angoor 490 bags cuminseeds.

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

EXPORTS

—S.S. ARUA—

To Aden—

5 gattas seed — T. Bhikabhai

5 bdls coriander —V. Nathubhai 10 bags cummin seed V. Nathubhai 88 bags wool raw— A. E Dossa.

S.S. ALDERMA—

To Antwerp—

28 cases bristles— Netherland Trading Society. 49 bales cotton raw yellow pickings— L. Rowji and Co.

To Genoa—

15 bales cotton waste— Volkart Bros.

—S.S. BARPETA—

To Colombo—

120 bags corriander seed— K. V. R. M. R Chetty. 27 cases etectric ceiling fans — Crompton Parkinson (works) Ltd.

—S.S. VIRGINIA MAY—

To Karachi—

200 bags raft stone powder; 30 cases peppermint— A.S.R. Bros

S.S. INDIAN PIONEER

To Karachi—

6 cases imitation jari— Asgar & Co.

—S.S. BHARAT BATA—

To Karachi—

20 bales handloom piecegoods— A. H. A.S. Allar 26 bales handloom piecegoods— S S. Chand

S.S SIRJHON FRANKLIN—

To Hongkong—

200 bales cotton waste— M/s Volkart Bros

—SS AMRA—

To Aden—

50 cases cotton waste —C. Bhaichand Bhai & Co.

To Gothemburg—

92 bales cotton waste — Volkart Bros.

To Copenhagen—

55 bales cotton waste —Volkart Bros.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

DEPARTURES

S.S. "Rocky Mountains Part" Owners, Messrs. Andur Crawford and Co., Glasgow. Left for Sydney, Australia, with ballast on 9-9-48. Gross Tonnage 7147.01.

M.V. "Barbatia"—British Left for Abadan on 9-9-48 with ballast Tonnage nett 2000.22.

S.S. "Hussaini" Canadian left for Goa, Colombo and Madras on 10-9-48 with 5453 tons of general cargo. Gross tonnage 7157.37.

M.V. "Rebverett", left for Manila on 10-9-48 with general cargo.

S.S. "Kampalla", B.I.S. N. Co. left for Karachi on 10-9-48 with 133 saloon and 1111 deck passengers.

M.V. "Forest", left for Calcutta on 10-9-1948 with 3500 tons of general cargo.

Gross tonnage 4998.

S.S. "Ormara" B.I.S.N. and Co left for Okha and Persian Gulf ports on 11-9-48 with 2293 tons of general cargo.

ARRIVALS

S.S. "Pacific Wave" from Galverston and Aden with 10910 tons of Milo and Maize on 10-9-48.

S.S. "Shmedagon" from Abadan on 10-9-48 with 4785 tons of furnace oil.

S.S. "Bharat Bala" from Bhavanagar on 11-9-48 with ballast.

Company Reports

HINDUSTAN MOTORS, LTD. Annual General Meeting, Bombay, 23rd September. Transfer books closed from 9th to 23rd September, 1948.

ESTRELA BATTERIES, LTD. Annual General Meeting, Bombay, 23rd September. Transfer books closed from 4th to 23rd September, 1948.

CALEDONIAN JUTE MILLS, CO., LTD. Half-yearly Meeting, 24th September. Dividend Rs. 7 (on ordinary shares).

BUDGE BUDGE MILLS, CO., LTD Half-yearly Meeting, 24th September. Dividend: Rs. 5 per share.

DUNBAR MILLS, LTD. Half-yearly meeting, Calcutta, 27th September. Dividend: Rs. 15 per Ordinary share.

BOWREAH COTTON MILLS CO., LTD. Half yearly meeting, Calcutta, 27th September. Dividend: Rs. 15 per ordinary share.

BRADBURY MILLS LTD. Annual General Meeting, Bombay, 29th September.

TATA OIL CO. LTD. Annual General Meeting, Bombay, 30th September. Dividend: Rs. 2 per share.

FURTHER CONCESSIONS

TO OUR POLICY HOLDERS

It is hereby announced that the policies, which stand lapsed for non payment of premiums due on or after 1st January, 1947, will be revived on payment of overdue premiums latest by 30th September, 1948, without requiring the policy holders to pay any interest or cost of medical examination if necessary All policy holders, who may like to avail of these concessions, may remit outstanding premiums directly to the Head Office or nearest Branch Office or bankers of the Company with an advice to Head Office for effecting revival of the policy.

All well-wishers of the Company will be glad to know that nouse property of the Company including Head Office buildings in Pakistan was sold before the partition for over Rs. 30 lacs at a substantial profit and all assets of the Company consisting of Government and other securities, cash and other investments, were transferred from Lahore to Delhi before the disturbances broke out in the Punjab

The Company succeeded in evacuating from Lahore to Delhi its entire movable property viz., records, office equipment fittings, furniture and statistical and printing machines The death claims on account of riots have also luckily been for a negligible amount

The position of the Company has thus not been affected in any way by the partition of the country and holocaust in the Punjab

BHARAT

INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Head Office: 1, Darya Ganj, DELHI.

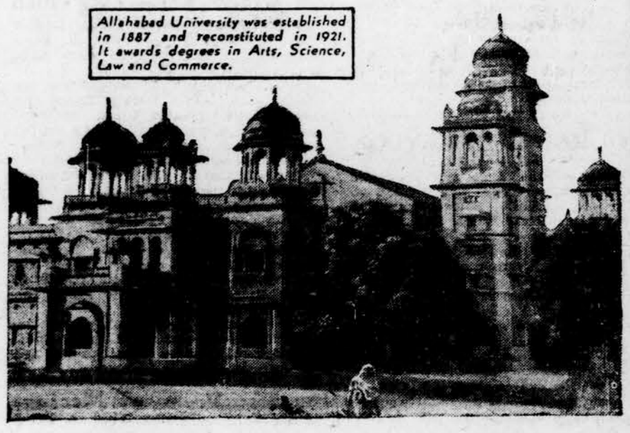
BOMBAY BRANCH: Bharat Buildings, 15-A, Elphinstone Circle, Fort.

SURAT BRANCH: Kanpith. KARWAR: Shri Dutt Bhawan.

—FAMOUS CENTRES OF INDIAN LEARNING—

Allahabad University

Allahabad University was established in 1887 and reconstituted in 1921. It awards degrees in Arts, Science, Law and Commerce.



Students form a small but very important section of our population, for it is they who bring honour to India in the fields of medicine, science and literature.

Paper plays a vital part in the student's career. On it he records thoughts, ideas, progress : through the medium of the printed page he acquires knowledge of the world and peoples around him. Books, magazines, newspapers—these are an indispensable accessory to his daily life.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No B 1065

RAJAJI'S MESSAGE TO LIAQUAT ALI KHAN

Karachi Call To People To Dedicate Themselves Anew To Nation's Service

NEW DELHI, Sept 12, (A P I): The Governor-General of India, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, has sent the following message to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan:—

"Dear Friend on this S.lemn occasion on behalf of myself, my Government and my people I tender to you and your Government and your people most heartfelt sympathy. May God enable us to go through every trial and every misfortune in a worthy manner".

KARACHI CALL TO NATION

KARACHI, Sept. 12 (API): A Gazette Extraordinary of the Government of Pakistan stated:—

The Prime Minister and Ministers of the Pakistan Government wish to convey their heartfelt condolences at this National calamity to Miss Fatima Jinnah and other members of the family and to the nation.

"The father of the Pakistan Nation has passed away. To his far-reaching vision, indomitable will and steadfastness of purpose is due the creation of the biggest Muslim State in the world. To him it was given as to few in history to witness the realisation of his labours in his own lifetime. Even after the achievement of Pakistan he did not sit back but continued to the last breath his untiring and unceasing labours to strengthen and consolidate Pakistan His death deals the greatest blow that could be inflicted on the people of Pakistan but nurtured as they are in the ideals set before them by Quaid-i-Azam the Pakistan Government are confident that they will bear it with fortitude and dedicate themselves afresh to the service of Pakistan for which their beloved leader lived and died"

PREMIER'S MESSAGE

The Pakistan Prime Minister's message to the nation said:—

"God has been pleased to take our beloved Quaid-i-Azam from us when Pakistan and we still needed him most to guide us and to enlighten us through this difficult period of our National existence. Our people not to yield to grief but to rededicate themselves to the cause and service of Pakistan My colleagues in the Cabinet and I likewise dedicate ourselves anew to the service of our country and nation and we make this pledge in the name of God that we shall carry on with unfaltering determination the great task to which the Quaid-i-Azam had devoted himself after the achievement of Pakistan

"That task is to build up into a great and powerful state this new country of our ot which the Quaid-i-Azam was the architect", Prime Minister added. "the best means of showing our love and reverence for our departed leader and founder of Pakistan is to hold fast to the noble ideals that he placed before us and to strive to make Pakistan what he wanted it to be. Every constructive achievement by the Government or by the people which may help to consolidate and strengthen the foundations of Pakistan or contribute to its prosperity, will be a memorial to the departed Father of our Nation. This is the message which I give to our people on this day of national grief and sorrow, and I ask them once more to control their grief and redouble their efforts to make a reality the Quaid-i-Azam's dream of a great and glorious Pakistan. The Quaid-i-Azam would have wished it so"

MOURNING IN CEYLON

Messages from other countries said:

COLOMBO:— The news displayed in the late morning editions of newspapers came as a shock. The Muslim community of Ceylon went into mourning and special prayers were being made today in mosques throughout the island

Mr Salim Khan Pakistan Trade Commissioner in Ceylon said he was speechless at the sudden blow to the new state He hoped the Muslim unity created by Quaid-e-Azam would bind the nation closer together

Mr. A Aziz President of Ceylon's Indian Congress said Pakistan had lost not only in architect but its very life blood

Mr D S. Senanayake Prime Minister sent condolatory cable to the Pakistan Premier Mr Liaquat Ali Khan.

BEST HOMAGE TO JINNAH'S MEMORY

Carry Out His Message Exhorts W Punjab Premier

LAHORE, Sept 12 (API): The news of Quaid-i-Azam's sudden death dumb-founded the leaders and deeply grieved the heart of every Pakistani

The news spread like wild fire throughout the city and the offices of newspapers and news agencies were flooded with telephone queries

The West Punjab Premier, Mian Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan), received the news at midnight. Shortly afterwards all the Ministers and high officials gathered at Mamdot Villa to express their grief over the calamity.

The Premier has called upon the people of the West Punjab to observe complete hartal tomorrow and join the prayer meetings which are being arranged at three principal centres tomorrow afternoon.

Expressing his grief over the calamity that has befallen the Muslim nation Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan said:—

"I was overwhelmed with grief to hear the sad news of the sudden passing away of Qaid-i-Azam, the founder and architect of the largest Muslim State in the world. The nation sustains an irreparable loss by his removal from our midst at a critical time the present when we badly needed his advice and guidance. The best homage, the Pakistanis can pay him is to steel their determination to carry out his message—the message of perseverance, endurance, solidarity and sacrifice.

"The West Punjab Premier added: "The founder of Pakistan has passed away, but has left behind the State of Pakistan, the greatest achievement of a single individual. Qaid-i-Azam's death is the greatest calamity that has befallen the Muslim nation, but I hope the nation will face it with courage and perseverance and will stand united to pull through the crisis.

OVERWHELMED MINISTER WEEPS LIKE CHILD

Sardar Abdul Hamid Dasti, Health Minister, West Punjab was so overwhelmed on hearing the news that he wept like a child.

Sheikh Karamat Ali, Education Minister, said: "The nation faces the greatest calamity, but I am confident that the Pakistanis will stand united and face the situation with courage and perseverance. The great leader of the nation, the founder and architect of Pakistan has passed away but has left a rich heritage which we all should deem it our religious duty to preserve and consolidate".

Major Mubarak Ali Shah, Revenue Minister, who was deeply moved on hearing the news, lifted his hands in prayer to the Almighty to guide the nation on right lines.

The Premier, accompanied by the three Ministers and the Deputy Commissioner of Lahore went round the city late at night.

Burmese Premier's Message

RANGOON.—Premier Thakin Nu of Burma said: "Pakistan and the world can ill afford to me without his leadership at this critical juncture in the world's history.

Worldwide Messages Of Sympathy

(Continued from Page 1)

instructions to hoist the flags half mast on all Government and public buildings in the province as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. Mohammed Ali Jinnah says a press note issued by the Director of Publicity this afternoon.

Bombay Muslims' Homage

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Over 5,000 Muslims gathered at the Mastan Talao Maidan, Nagpada, this evening and offered homage to the memory of Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah this minent League leaders addressed the meeting, recalling the services rendered by the architest of Pakistan to Muslims.

Mr. A. A Khan, M.L.A., said that Mr. Jinnah had roused the political consciousness of Muslims in the country and knit them together for the first time in their history. He called upon Muslims not to be carried away by their sense of grief over the loss of Mr. Jinnah but continue their work in a disciplined manner.

"We should always be loyal to our state. That is the message of Mr. Jinnah." said Mr. A. H. Mirza. He pointed out that the Quaid-e-Azam had loved his city of Bombay where he spent the major part of his life.

Mr M. O. Rajab, M.L.A made a plea to Indian Muslims to remember the ideals of patriotism unity and sacrifice which Mr. Jinnah taught and practice them for the good of India, their homeland. Especially in these days, so critical for Indian Muslims, the departed leader's teachings should be always before them.

Describing Mr. Jinnah as one of the front-rank statesmen of the world, Mr. Abdul Kader Hafizhan Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, said that he stood for discipline and unity among Muslims.

At night Muslims again congregated in several mosques of the city, where recitations were read from the Quran and prayers were offered wishing peace to Mr. Jinnah soul.

It is gathered thta the Ziarut ceremony will be held at Minara Mosque on Tuesday morning.

London Cable To Karachi

LONDON, Sept. 12 (Reuter): The news of Mr. Mohammed Ali Jinnan's sudden death came as a great shock to British Government circles.

The Secretary of State for Commonwealth Relations, Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, who was hoping to meet him at the important conference of Dominion Prime Ministers, which opens in London on October 11, at once cabled the British High Commissioner in Karachi "please transmit to Miss Jinnah and to the Prime Minister of Pakistan the expression of my deepest sympathy in the tragic loss they have suffered by the death of His Excellency the Governor-General".

ATTLEE STILL IN HOSPITAL

At midnight the Prime Minister, Mr Clement Attlee, had not been told the news, for he was still in hospital recovering from Eczema of the feet followed by the diagnosis of an early doudenal ulcer.

Mr. Jinnah was last in London, as the leader of the Muslim League, in December 1946 when with Pt. Nehru and other Ministers he flew here for a conference which led to Britain's decision to leave India.

CONDOLENCES FROM AMERICA

LONDON, Sept. 12, (Reuter): World-wide expressions of condolence with the Pakistan Government and people at the death of Mr. Jinnah were expressed in Reuter despatches today. They included the following messages:—

WASHINGTON:— A United States' spokesman said that pending formal statement of condolence by President Truman and Mr. George Marshall, Secretary of State, he wished to voice the appreciation of the United States of what the loss meant to the young country of Pakistan.

Mr. Jinnah was a leader who had been largely responsible for Pakistan winning independence, and it was realised that his death came at a critical time in Pakistan's relations with India, he said.

United States Diplomatic quarters said it remained to be seen whether Mr. Jinnah's disappearance from political scene would weaken Muslim determination to maintain the partition of greater India.

NEW YORK: Mr. J. J. Singh, President of India League of America said: "My colleagues of the India League always hope for friendlier and better relations between Pakistan and India Therefore we trust that Mr Jinnah's death will not in any way deteriorate the present strained relationship between Pakistan and India"

Mr. M. Ispahani, Pakistan's first Ambassador to the United States, cancelled his official South American tour as soon as he heard of Mr Jinnah's death

He was in New York making final preparations when the news reached him within two hours of his scheduled departure by air to Buenos Aires. He immediately returned to Washington.

Before Mr. Ispahani returned to Washington he said: "The father of our nation lived long enough to see his dream come true Pakistan mourns her founder who exhausted his energies and laid down his life in her service

"Though she has lost her inspiration and guidance at a time when she needs it most, Pakistan will not fail to live up to his ideals and fulfil her destiny.

"The passing of Quaid-e-Azam means to me a bitter and irreparable loss which time will not erase", Mr. Ispahani added.

"I shall endeavour throughout my life to follow the great example which he set me as one of his privileged associates and disciples throughout my political career".

BRITISH CABINET'S CONDOLENCE

Noel Baker's Telegram To Liaquat Ali

LONDON, Sept. 12. (Reuter): When news of the death of Governor-General M. A. Jinnah of Pakistan was received in London late last night, steps were immediately aken to inform the King, who had just returned from Scotland for next week's opening of Parliament, and the Government leaders, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's political correspondent.

BRITISH CABINET'S CONDOLENCE

Commonwealth Relations Secretary P. J. Noel Baker at once despatched a telegram in the Cabinet's name to Pakistan Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan, asking him to convey to his Government, and to Miss Fatima Jinnah, Britain's profound sense of regret and condolences.

The message, conveyed through the British High Commissioner in Karachi, said: "Please transmit to Miss Jinnah and to the Prime Minister of Pakistan the expression of my deepest sympathy in the tragic loss they have suffered by the death of His Excellency the Governor-General"

The death of the Quaid-e-Azam will come as a shock to the British political world, which had shown concern at recent rumours that Mr. Jinnah's health had not been good.

These rumours tended to be dispelled by reassuring reports from Karachi, but it was thought significant that the Governor-General was not present in the capital for the celebration of the first anniversary of the new Dominion's independence on August 15.

WILL LIAQUAT GO TO LONDON

The Governor-General-s death may affect the arrangements for the forthcoming conference of Commonwealth Prime Ministers in London in October.

Pakistan Prime Minister Liaquat Ali Khan was expected to represent Pakistan at the Conference, but in view of his country's loss, it remains to be seen whether he now feels he can absent himself from Karachi.

Mr. Jinnah was last in London in December, 1946, when, as President of the Muslim League, he travelled with India's present Prime Minister, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, to London for talks with the British Government that led up to the transfer of power to the two new Dominions.

Then close on 70 years of age, he gave the impression of undiminished vigour.

Political quaretrs here recall tthe enormous burden which he had borne continuously for many years as the driving force of the Muslim League and as its chief spokesman in the years of constitutional negotiation with Britain and the Congress Party preceding the transfer of power.

The burden clearly became greater since Pakistan's inauguration. The guiding hand of the Quaid-e-Azam and his directing force could be discerned in all matters concerned with even the day to day administration of the new Dominion.

Diplomats Call On Pakistan High Commissioner

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12. (U.P.I.): A number of diplomats and their representatives called on Pakistan High Commissioner in India at New Delhi today top pay their condolence on the death of Mr. Jinnan.

The Ambassador of Netherlands Mr. Lamping in his message said:, "With the death of Quaide-e-Azam has gone the founder of the largest Muslim State of these days I wholly realise the enormous loss which Pakistan has suffered."

MOURNING IN HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 12, (A. P.I.): Today was declared a day mourning in Hyderabad State where the news of Mr. M. A. Jinnah's death came as a great shock. Flags are flying half mast and all public offices schools and shops were being closed. Many Muslims were seen weeping.

At Deccan House official residence of Mr. K. M. Munshi the Indian Tricolour is flying half mast. Dr. Syed Abdul Latif Hyderabad orientalist and generally believed to be originator of the Pakistan idea said "tallest and wisest figure in the Muslim world passes away."

NIZAM ATTENDS PRAYERS

HYDERABAD, Sept. 12, (U.P.A.): (Via Telephone)—Some 100,000 Muslims today flocked to the Mecca Mussjid—Hyderabad's biggest mosque capable of accommodating 10,000 persons —to attend special prayers for the late Quaide-e-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah. The Nizam attender the prayer meeting.

NAWAB ZAIN YAR JUNG'S TRIBUTE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12, (A.P.I): Nawab Zain Yar Jung Bahadur former Agent General for Hyderabad in Delhi in a statement says: "The news of the death of Quaid-e-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah came as a great shock to me. He has died at a time when his presence was most needed and the void created by his death will not be filled easily. I pray that those who have worked with the Quaid-e-Azam for many years will be inspired by his memory and guide the Mehta and Mr. M. Harris in a joint courage."

W. PUNJAB DECLARES TWO HOLIDAYS

LAHORE, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): West Punjab observed complete hartal today. The Provincial Government have declared Monday and Tuesday as close days

"Qul" ceremonies for the Quaid-e-Azam will be held in mosques throughout the province tomorrow morning when the Holy Quran will be recited and prayers will be offered.

NAZIMUDDIN DEEPLY MOVED

DACCA, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): Khawaja Nazimuddin, Premier of East Bengal was deeply moved on learning of Quaid-e-Azam's death he said: "in the history of Islam it is not the first time that Gad has chosen to take away the nation's supreme leader from its midst in time of great emergency.

UTKAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE'S CONDOLENCE

CUTTACK, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): The Working Committee of the Utkal Provincial Congress Committee htis morning adopted a resolution of condolence on the death of Mr. Jinnah.

"MOST COLOURFUL PERSONALITY" SAYS SUHRAWARDY

CALCUTTA, Sept. 12, (U.P.I.): Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, ex-Premier of United Bengal in a statement says: "I am stunned to hear the sad news. In the passing away of Quaid-e-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah the world has lost a most colourful and dominant personality. The enthusiasm and admiration that he inspired along his followers in unbounded.

"LET TWO DOMINIONS COME TOGETHER

MADRAS, Sept. 12. (A.P.I.): Dr. P. Subbaroyan in a statement on the death of Mr. Jinnah says: Now that India has been divided Mr. Jinnah's services were badly needed for the establishment of good-neighbourliness between the two Dominions. But the hand of death has taken away Mr. Jinnah a ta very critical period in India's history.

BHOPAL Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): As a mark of respect to the memory of Quaid-e-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah all offices, Courts, educational institutions, and factories in Bhopal remained closed today and the city observed complete hartal. All flags are flying half mast.

In a message of condolence to Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan Prime Minister of Pakistan the Nawab of Bhopal has expressed his deepest sympathies in the "irreparable loss sustained by Pakistan and the entire Muslim world."

Last Day's Of Creator Of World's Biggest Muslim State

CABINET TO ACCORD 'HIGHEST HONOUR THAT A STATE CAN DO ITS LEADER'

KARACHI, September 12. (API): The Quaid-e-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan, who breathed his last on Saturday night, leaves behind a daughter and his sister, Miss Fatima Jinnah.

Miss Fatima Jinnah returned with him from Quetta to Karachi by air on Saturday evening.

The first reaction came from a very prominent Pakistani who said, "The rather of the Nation, the architect and founder of Pakistan is no more. With him have gone his unimpeachable integrity and sincerity. The Quaid-e-Azam did not want anything for himself. Neither office nor honour allured him His firm faith in the destiny of Muslims and in Pakistan was his approach to political problems. His great political ability, tact and resourcefulness under all circumstances made him the Quaid-e-Azam of the Muslims. Reason, logic, persuasion and discussion were the only methods he used He convinced his supporters by argument and argument alone. No wonder his people gave him unqualified loyalty and affection.

One who for the major part of his life had led an aristocratic and exclusive life became one of the greatest mass leaders.

NO RESPITE

It is admitted by all that the birth of Pakistan brought no respite for the Quaid-e-Azam. At 71 he was the hardest working individual in Pakistan.

His days and nights were devoted to the task of building up the young but largest Muslim State in the world.

HIS WORK DONE

His life is the history, aspirations and achievements of the Muslim nation and when the Council of the All-India Muslim League accepted the June 3 plan for the partition of the sub-continent in June in New Delhi, the Quaid-e-Azam is reported to have then told the Councillors that his work was done with the establishment of Pakistan and now it was for the Pakistanis to carry it on.

LAST DAYS

The Quaid-e-Azam returned to Karachi from Quetta by his personal "Viking" at 4-30 p.m. yesterday after an absence of two months from the capital. He went to Quetta on July 4 and to Ziarat on July 6 after five or six days he was taken ill with influenza but got better. There was, however, a relapse and he developed bronchial complications. Since then he had periods of improvements. He came down to Quetta on August 13 and decided to return to the capital yesterday. Between August 13 and September 11, there were periods of relapse and improvement, but he was able to attend to urgent State business.

His plane landed at Mauripur at 4-30 p.m. and on reaching the Governor-General's House, he took a turn for the worse and at 10-25 p. m. his heart failed.

His sister, Miss Fatima Jinnah, three doctors and some members of personal staff were at his bedside during his last moments.

MINISTERS COME

The Prime Minister and Begum Liaquat Ali came to Government House immediately followed by Mr. Mohammad Ali, Secretary-General and his wife. Other Ministers also came down. The Governor of Sind and Begum Hidayatullah were also at Government House.

CABINET MEETS

An emergency meeting of the Cabinet was summoned at 12-45 a. m. and lasted until 4 a.m.

Flags are flying half mast on all buildings in Karachi. The city is plunged into gloom

The newspapers published the news with thick black border with a large-sized portraits of the Quaid-e-Azam.

"Dawn" founded by Quaid-e-Azam Mohamad Ali Jinnah was the only paper which came out with an editorial comment under the caption "Long Live Pakistan."

"DAWN" EXPECTS EVERY MAN TO DO HIS DUTY

Writing under the caption "Long Live Pakistan" the newspaper 'Dawn' (which has been banned in India) said today that Mr. Jinnah lived and died for Pakistan, but "even in their unspeakable agony of sorrow the people of Pakistan must not forget for one single moment that Pakistan comes first, that Pakistan expects each man to do his duty, and to remain at his post no matter what tragedy may have overtaken him".

"NOT LEADERLESS"

The paper added that although Mr. Jinnah was dead, "We are not leaderless. His spirit will continue to inspire us.... The men trained by the Quaid-e-Azam are with us. They know exactly what he would have wished to be done in what circumstances, and how They will do it. Let neither friend nor foe make any mistake about it."

The paper said that for months now Pakistan's Prime Minister and his Cabinet had carried on their responsibilities "without troubling the Quaid-e-Azam in his sick bed except rarely".

HARTAL IN KARACHI

Stunned by the news Karachi with its seven lakh and odd citizens reacted with a spontaneous suspension of all normal business in all quarters of the city.

Except for excited groups round street corners discussing the tragedy, Karachi which wears a holiday appearance on Sundays was berefit of all signs of normal life.

Shops remained closed while buses and trams did not ply in the streets. Many had to go without their morning breakfast as wayside hotels and restaurants were closed.

The pale, stone-built Governor-General's house, guarded by the police had a steady stream of grief-stricken citizens converging on it since early this morning to have a glimpse of their beloved leader's residence.

MOURNERS SHED TEARS

Exactly one year and 26 days since it was first raised, the Governor-General's Blue Standard waved half-mast.

A score of men seemed unable to restrain their tears, one of them remarking that the standard "will never flutter so proudly again".

Delhi Receives it With Deep Regret

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12 (API): The death of Mr. Mohammad Ali Jinnah, Governor-General of Pakistan, was received in Delhi with deep regret. The news which reached here after 2 a.m. has been front-paged with black borders in the local press. The "Hindustan Times" carried a full-page obituary notice.

The citizens of the Capital woke up to the cries of newsboys announcing the death of the Qaid-i-Azam.

The flag at Government House is flying at halfmast and the Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, has cancelled a reception he was to have given to the diplomatic corps this evening.

Mavlankar's Tribute To "Great Indian"

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 12, (A.P.I.): Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Dominion Parliament has sent the following message to Mr. Liquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan Karachi:—

"Regret sad demise of Quaid-e-Azam I had enjoyed the privilege of personally knowing him for years. He was a great Indian. Heartfelt condolences"

Hongkong Memorial Services

HONGKONG:— The Acting Governor the Hon. M. MacDougall expressing his own and the Colony's sympathy said the Dominion which Mr. Jinnah had done so much to help bring into existence could ill afford to lose so wise and experienced a statesman.

The news profoundly shocked the Indian community numbering several thousands who immediately arranged memorial services.

In Cairo

CAIRO—Egyptian statesmen and Pakistan and Indian diplomats were profoundly grieved when they learned the news of the death of Mr. Jinnah.

The Indian ambassador Doctor Syed Hossain, said: "It was with profound regret that I learned of it. We were friends and collegues for quarter of a century until the issue of the partition of India separated us.

"I tender my sincere condolences to Pakistan on their irreparable loss."

KHER'S TRIBUTE TO JINNAH

'Great Nationalist Till He Decided On Parting Of Ways"

POONA, Sept 12. (A.P.I): Paying a tribute to Quaid-e-Azam Ali Mohomed Ali Jinnah, Bombay's Premier Mr. B. G. Kher said his death is a 'great blow to Pakistan"

Recalling his associations with Mr. Jinnah since 1912 when Mr. Kher first became professionally acquainted with him the Premier said "as a politician we all remember him as a great nationalist and All-India leader until he decided on the parting of ways and put himself at the head of Muslim India."

Hiss tall and erect figure immaculate dress elegant bearing" Mr. Kher added "made a deep impression and his fearless advocacy and uncompromising nature and in dependent banner towards those placed in authority made him a popular and successful advocate. He had a unique personality and implacable incisiveness which has made history. He had an indomitable will which brooked no opposition and permitted no second. At the moment all controversy is hushed. In the presence of death the great leveller of mankind we bow and suffer."

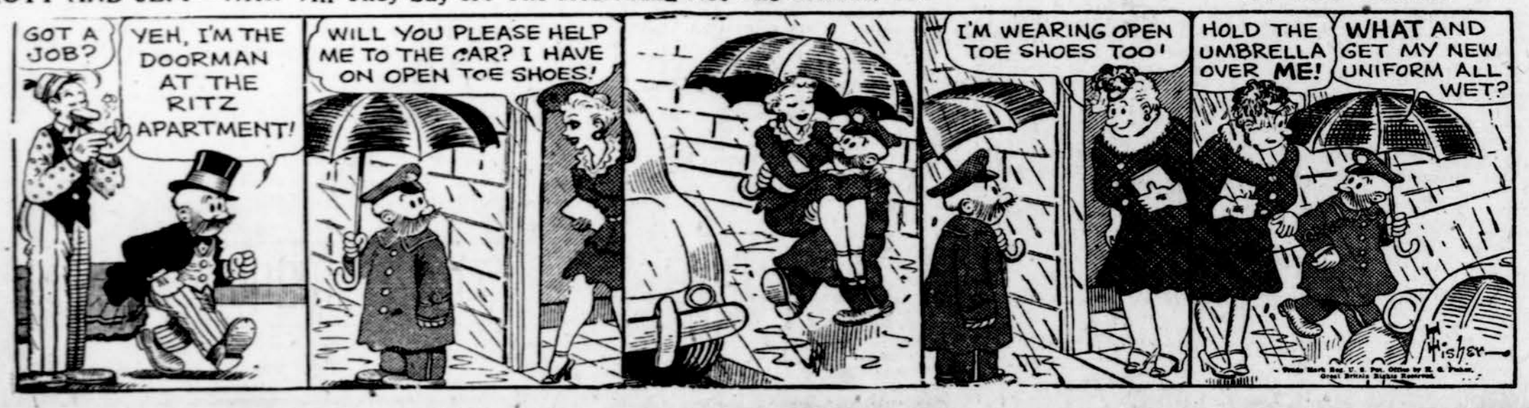
Mr. Kher, whose relations with Mr. Jinnah were personal and until recently fairly intimate, sent his sincere condolence and prayed "for the peace of his soul."

Flags at Government House the Secretariat and public building in Poona are flying half-mast.

LORD VANSITTART'S TRIBUTE

LONDON: Lord Vansittart former Chief Diplomatic Adviser to the British Government said: "It is particularly unfortunate that Pakistan should lose her leading statesman at a time when the Hyderabad dispute has reached such a critical stage and the Kashmir issue is still unsolved.

MUTT AND JEFF—After All They Say It's The Heart And Not The Clothes, Etc. By BUD FISHER


GOT A JOB?
YEH, I'M THE DOORMAN AT THE RITZ APARTMENT!
WILL YOU PLEASE HELP ME TO THE CAR? I HAVE ON OPEN TOE SHOES!
I'M WEARING OPEN TOE SHOES TOO!
HOLD THE UMBRELLA OVER ME!
WHAT AND GET MY NEW UNIFORM ALL WET?
Fisher

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